



for hours last night grappled for the machine. They located it some yards downstream at a late hour. Efforts to raise it and recover the bodies will be made today. Some of the crew on the police boat declare they saw the form of a man, when they first came on the scene. He was said to have been in midstream. The police called:

"Hold on, we'll get you!"

But the man was exhausted and sank suddenly without a sound.

William Clark of 5452 South California avenue told the police he had met two eye witnesses of the accident, but they were not able to locate them. Lieutenant Joseph McGeehan of the Maxwell street station was in charge of the police detail working to recover the bodies.

#### RELATED TO LASKER.

Mr. Warner was a brother-in-law of Albert Lasker, president of the Lord & Thomas Advertising company. Mr. Warner was an enthusiastic worker in the Boy Scouts organization, and was interested in settlement work.

Mr. and Mrs. Lasker are in New York. The Warners were taking the other members of the party to their homes after the accident. The two survivors assert they heard no electric gong. Mrs. Warner said the car was not going more than fifteen miles an hour, and that every ordinary precaution was observed by Mr. Warner in driving.

"The same accident might have happened to any party," she said. "It was not due to our carelessness, but to city neglect in not having the approaches properly guarded."

#### BRIDGETENDER'S STORY.

William McKinley, the bridgetender, says that he swung the bridge back as soon as he was aware of the plunge and aided Policeman John Gaynor in organizing the rescue work. He declares the electric warning signals did not work at the accident, but contends they did before. Both rescued women deny this.

"I had turned the bridge to allow a tug and derrick to pass north when the automobile ran up to the edge and fell over," said McKinley. "I gave a warning whistle to the tug at the north side of the bridge, which brought it back to the rescue of the women."

The boy scouts were still practicing for the big drill which was to be given Wednesday under the Warners' supervision when word of the tragedy reached the Maxwell street settlement. Half a hundred of them hurried to the scene to look for the bodies.

Miss Jerome Klausner is also a student at the University of Chicago and according to a rumor was engaged to marry Kusek. She is a daughter of Solomon Klausner, a wealthy real estate dealer.

Miss Lillian Klausner, one of the cousins immolated in the submerged automobile, is the daughter of Samuel Klausner, wealthy wholesale liquor dealer, with offices at 2945 Archer avenue.

#### WOMEN TELL OF ESCAPE.

Miss Sarah Bernstein and Mrs. Hugo Warner, the two women who were pulled from the river after the motor car plunge, told the story of their thrilling escape, after they had regained their composure at the Cook county hospital.

"I was in the inclosed back of the limousine," said Miss Bernstein, "chatting with Miss Lillian Klausner and Miss Minnie Klausner. I didn't see the open bridge. In fact, I was not aware where we were, so interested was I in the conversation. My first knowledge of danger was when the machine seemed to drop from under me. The next I knew it was cold and wet. I felt something clutching at my feet. It must have been one of the Klausner sisters. Then the convulsive working of my limbs threw off the grip, and I felt I was rising. I don't remember that I was excited."

#### HOLDS HER BREATH.

I consciously held my breath, and in a few moments came to the surface. The water, which knew must be on shore and swam toward it. I can't imagine how I escaped from the closed limousine. Possibly I unconsciously opened the door and, when the car keeled over in the water, floated free. While I was clinging to the levee beam Mrs. Warner struggled through the current and managed to grasp the same beam a dozen feet below me. I was too exhausted to lift myself from the water, and she appeared to require all her strength to hold her grip. Red came just in time for both of us."

#### MRS. WARNER'S STORY.

Mrs. Warner, who occupied a seat in front of the limousine with her husband and Sylvan Kusek, both of whom are interested in settlement work, only cleared herself from an entanglement with the wheel by a vigorous effort and the aid of one of the doomed men in the seat beside her.

We were running on the approach to the bridge, which apparently was closed. We did not notice any signs, and I don't remember feeling the shock of any sort of barricade. Suddenly we dropped. I fell forward among the tangle of gear in the bottom of the machine. The next instant we were in the water. My clothes were caught in the pedal apparatus and I tried to wrench free.

#### SWIMS TO SHORE.

Then some one, I don't know whether my husband or Mr. Kusek, began to pull me swimming free. An instant later the hands working under the water thrust me clear of the car and I came to the surface.

"I swam for the shore—and was pulled out by men who ran to my assistance. When I reached the bank I saw a form above me clinging to a beam, which later proved to be Miss Bernstein. I did not see the form of either my husband or Mr. Kusek and don't know whether either succeeded in getting clear of the car."

#### KUSEK PARENTS VISIT SCENE.

After midnight, while the police boat still tacked the channel drew, patiently, methodically searching the water for grapples, an automobile sped up on the bridge and stopped. A man, with a woman fainting on his arms, stepped out, and together they went over to the bridge rail.

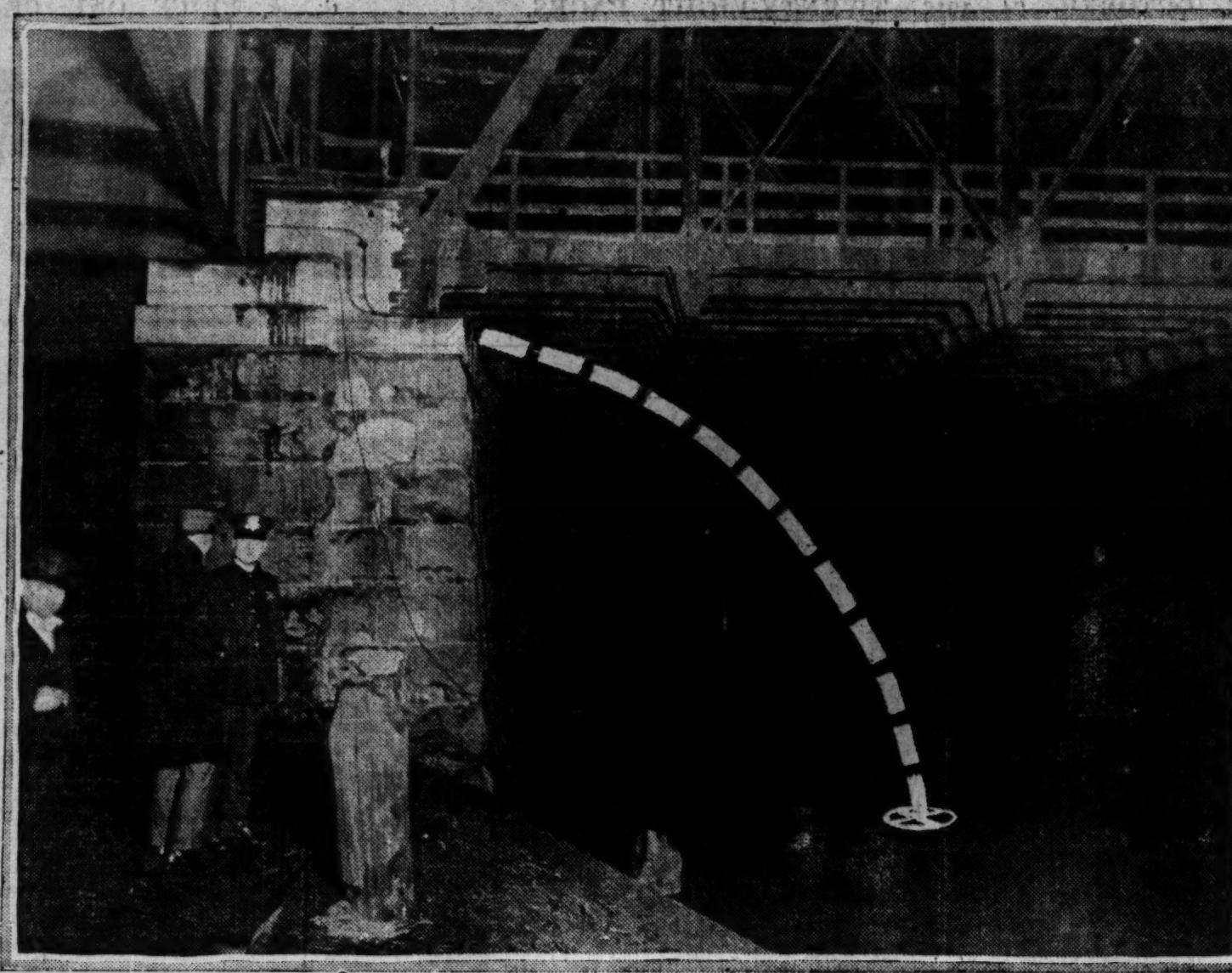
#### "My son! My son!" moaned the woman, stretching her arms towards the river.

"Our only boy," said the man brokenly, drawing his companion more closely to him. Then when the woman's grief seemed imminent to overpower her he guided her gently back to the automobile and the equipage rolled away.

The man and woman were Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Kusek, parents of Sylvan Kusek, 19, a student of Chicago students who died in the Chicago fire. He is the manager of the Strong Heart Novelty company. He declared his son would have been graduated from the law department of the university next June.

## WHERE FOUR PLUNGED TO DEATH

West End of Twelfth Street Bridge Showing Course of Automobile Falling Into River. The Span Was Open and Unguarded When Accident Happened.



### TWO OF THE VICTIMS



### CHARGE LAWYER POSED AS AGENT OF U. S. IN PLOT

Charged with participating in a conspiracy to impersonate a federal secret service agent, Harold W. Jirka, a Chicago attorney, was arrested last night by Deputy United States Marshal Thomas Sheehan and placed in the county jail in default of \$5,000 in bonds. His associate in the alleged conspiracy, Robert H. Garrick, a University of Illinois graduate, already is under arrest in San Francisco on charges of larceny.

Jirka, who declares himself a protégé of Charles R. Morrison, master in chancery of the United States District court, first ran afoul of the federal government in connection with the investigation of the so-called blackmail syndicate. Through two girl clients, Doris Byrne and Peggy Reed, he collected \$15,000 from Franklin Junkerman, a wholesale druggist of Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Federal agents investigated the transaction, which Jirka characterized as perfectly ethical, on a basis of injury under indictment, Clabough says.

"As I explained to Mr. Clabough during the investigation of the Cedar Rapids case, I had three good reasons for going west in July. I wanted to submit a scenario to a motion picture company in Hollywood to see Stock about collecting the money he had me to look after a divorce case in Denver."

Jirka's trip to California was a similar trip supposed to have been taken by the two girls about the same time were investigated by special agents of the bureau of investigation. The entire report on the Cedar Rapids case is now in the hands of Bruce Belaak, chief of the bureau, in Washington.

#### 'BLACKMAIL SYNDICATE' MAN WILL BE ARRAIGNED TODAY.

New York, Oct. 23.—Further details of the operations of the alleged country-wide "blackmail syndicate" which the authorities assert was conducted in connection with the Mann white slave act were disclosed here tonight when charges against James A. Brown, a restaurateur of Brooklyn, arrested yesterday, were made public.

Brown will be arraigned tomorrow before United States Commissioner Hougham. Denobah and Butler are held in Tombs prison awaiting trial on criminal charges. Homer T. French, another member of the alleged "syndicate," pleaded guilty today of extorting \$15,000 from Alfred R. West, a tea and coffee merchant, and was sentenced to eighteen months in the federal prison at Atlanta.

Says Stock Is Client.

When arrested at his home, 3203 West Twenty-second street, Jirka declared at once that Stock is his client. The San Diego man, he maintained, is representative of American interests selling horses to the British and French governments.

Stock, according to Jirka, has the \$1,000 and \$5,000 services rendered

and cash advanced in connection with

the drawing of contracts for the sales

of Jones Dairy Farm

Fort Atkinson Wisconsin

NOORDAM

### CHURCHMEN FOR FRATERNAL PLAN

Bishop Lloyd's Action at Panama Conference Endorsed in Re-election.

#### BY THE REV. W. B. NORTON.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 23.—[Special.]—The question which, next to that of the re-marriage of divorced persons, has stirred the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church—namely: the policy of the church toward other denominations—was settled this morning in favor of the policy of fraternity.

The vote came in the approval of the reelection of Bishop Arthur S. Lloyd as president of the board of missions.

Thomas Sheehan and placed in the county jail in default of \$5,000 in bonds. His associate in the alleged conspiracy, Robert H. Garrick, a University of Illinois graduate, already is under arrest in San Francisco on charges of larceny.

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### COUNCIL SPURNS WOMEN'S APPEAL ON BOND ISSUE

By Vote of 21 to 43 Aldermen Refuse to Consider Repealing Ordinance.

The city council yesterday decisively repudiated the appeal of the women's clubs and civic organizations to withdraw the proposed \$2,400,000 bathing beach and recreation center bond issue from the ballot.

By a vote of 21 to 43 the council refused to consider repealing the ordinance providing for the bond issue. As a result, the original program to submit the question to the voters on Nov. 7 will not be altered.

The west side aldermen, practically all of whom voted against repeal, saved the day for the bond issue, although they were joined by administration aldermen.

**The Final Argument.**

The fact that \$1,200,000 of the proceeds of the bonds is to be spent on the west side for swimming pools and recreation purposes was stressed over and over again in arguments that usually ended with an appeal for "the best west side."

The debate often reached acrimonious heights and the good faith of the women's clubs, the finance committee, and the city administration was frequently impugned.

The attitude of the opponents of the bond issue was summed up by Ald. Merriam in the statement that "the city council cannot guarantee the bonds will be paid out of this money." He explained that in all probability the city administration would control these funds whether the proposed park consolidation bill is adopted at the polls or not.

#### Politics!

The city administration, he said, already has moved to deprive the special parks committee of its former power, while the passage of the park consolidation bill empowering the mayor to appoint a board of nine to supervise the city's parks would only serve to strengthen the administration's control.

Ald. Upstated declared the action of the finance committee in voting to kill the bond issue was "rat hole politics," and Ald. Sitton came back with the assertion it was the "most unfair" accusation he had ever heard.

Ald. Michelson, upon whom has fallen the mantle of "administration floor leader," interpreted the recommendation of the finance committee as a slap at the mayor.

**Teaching Big Bill.**

"Just because the mayor was acting according to the law in refusing to allow the special parks committee to do illegal acts, the finance committee thought they would teach the mayor a lesson by repealing the bond issue," he said.

"Who are these women, anyway, who are supposed to be against the bond issue? One of them said it would interfere with the lake front plan—the agreement with the Illinois Central, and I guess that explains most of the opposition."

"As far as I can see it's only the north and south side aldermen who are opposing these bonds. You west side aldermen don't dare vote to repeal them."

#### How They Voted.

The proposal to repeal the bond issue ordinance was brought up by Ald. Richert for the finance committee. He asked the suspension of the rules for its consideration, and his motion was buried by the following roll call:

YEAS.	NAYS.
Werner, Schwartz, Hickory, Dickey, McCormick, Nance,	Jorn, Kimball, Stits, Murray, Walker, Wallace, Lips, Pretzel, Watson, Kearns, Fisher, Buck—31.
Merriam, McNamee, Cullerton, Kramnick, Kerner, Anderson,	De Fries, Martin, Tyden, Zwicka, Skymycksi, Lynch, Rodriguez, Zwiefka, O'Toole, Block, Ellsworth, Elliston, Cullerton, Gaudet, Link, Kennedy, Little, Adamowski, Brubace, Byrne, William J. Lynch, Michaelson, Bish, Thomas, Tomson, Thomas J. Lynch—43.

Wriggins Over Firemen's Hours.

A proposal, backed by the committee

that Was the Reason Given by Kensington Policeman for Suicide Attempt.

Respondent because of his wife's illness. Policeman Gelouze Doucet, 5178 South Robey street, attached to the Kensington station, shot himself, perhaps fatally, while walking in a prairie in East Ninety-fifth street, near Calumet avenue, Sunday night.

In the policeman's pocket was found a notebook with the note:

"My Dear Sweetheart—

"I cannot stand it any longer. I thought it best to end it all.

You do not know how it hurts me to see you sick, because I know I am the cause of it all.

Good-by, sweetheart, take good care of our darling boy."

A first shot was suspected by the police. His pistol was found fully loaded. But a further inspection revealed that he had exploded a cartridge and then supplied another cartridge.

He was conscious for a time, though not able to speak. He was taken to a hospital and then lost consciousness. It is said he will die.

His wife, Capt. G. E. Cronin, was taken to a hospital.

By a vote of 21 to 43 the council refused to consider repealing the ordinance providing for the bond issue. As a result, the original program to submit the question to the voters on Nov. 7 will not be altered.

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His wife, Capt.

## OLSON REFUSES TO DROP CASE AS HOYNE ASKS

Judge Will Hear Further Arguments on Proceedings Today.



## INDICTED

In his fight before Judge Olson to have permitted to withdraw his application for warrants for Chief Healey and Secretary Luthardt, Attorney John Healy charged the state's attorney "had faith" in instituting the proceedings. He accused him of having used the court in a dishonest way.

Attorney Healy said the prosecutor had "played fast and loose with the court" by using his office power to further his political fortunes. "I am Justice to the people of Chicago, as well as to the chief of police," he insisted that Judge Olson decide the case which had focused the interest of the public for eight days.

State's Attorney Hoyne said that in view of the withdrawal of his application for warrants, Judge Olson had no further jurisdiction in the matter.

**HOYNE ENTERS COURTROOM.**

The state's attorney appeared in Judge Olson's court at 4:30 o'clock.

He took his seat beside Assistant State's Attorney Johnston and Assistant State's Attorney Henry E. Berger.

Aross the table sat Chief Healey, Mr. Luthardt, Corporation Counsel Etelson, and Attorney Healy.

The surprised men saw them upon the state's attorney seemed to augur some trouble.

One little item in the news of the indictments had been whispered through the courtroom.

Judge Olson already had announced that court would adjourn when Mr. Healy shouldered his way to a position in front of the tribunal.

**TELLS OF INDICTMENTS.**

"The grand jury," said Mr. Hoyne, addressing the court, "has returned indictments against Chief Healey and his secretary, Mr. Luthardt, and I could like to withdraw my application for warrants against them."

"The grand jury has already indicted in the case complained of before me?" asked Judge Olson.

"Yes."

"And further hearing here is useless?"

"Yes."

"The question arises whether you are that right," commented Judge Olson.

"I think there is no question about my right to withdraw an application for warrant and dismiss a complaint. We just we have that right," replied Mr. Hoyne.

**THE SUPREME COURT OF THIS STATE.**

Answered Judge Olson, "I refused in one case to permit the attorney general to file a case when he was about to do it. Therefore on that proposition we disagree. Now, the question is whether or not in a preliminary examination or an application or a warrant like this you can dismiss without the court's opinion on the evidence."

**NO DEFENDANTS IN CASE.**

"This has nothing to do with the case," insisted Mr. Hoyne. "There are no defendants in this case. There never have been. This has been a proceeding, I stated at the outset, and Attorney Healy assented to my statement of law in it and it down, and it is in the record. I stated that the proceeding was purely between the state's attorney and the court; that there were no parties defendant; that nobody had any right here to make any motions for a continuance or for a change of venue, or to cross-examine a witness."

"I added that I had served notice on the supreme court to have it hear and stand among the spectators. It was a matter of courtesy on the part of the court and myself that Attorney Healy, if he were brief in doing so and confined himself within reasonable lines not of right, might cross-examine witnesses. Mr. Healy said at that time, 'I think that is a fair statement of the law. Who objects to my request to withdraw my application?'

**ATTORNEY HEALY OBJECTS.**

"No," said Attorney Healy.

"You have no standing in court. Mr. Olson said Mr. Healy:

"If you I am," replied Mr. Healy.

"I have been here eight days. That gives me a standing and a right to enter my protest, and I want to do it now, if you honor please."

"I have not been afraid to take the responsibility of hearing this case," interrupted Judge Olson. "I would not be afraid to do it if this is a noble cause. If you ask that the case be dropped on other grounds, I am willing to hear it. If not, I shall order that the case continue until dismissed."

**NO RIGHT TO DROP IT.**

"The state's attorney's demand in this case and a demand for a nolle are identical," interposed Attorney Healy. "Assume that your honor believes my client guilty and the state's attorney demanded the case against him be nolle. Would your honor stop the hearing? Certainly not. And if the state's attorney insisted on dropping prosecution your honor would at once appoint a special state's attorney to prosecute the case."

"We have heard testimony here for eight days and now that his purpose is served, his purpose that has been clear to everybody, he wants to drop the case. The state's attorney wants to drop the case. In those eight days the state's attorney has introduced much politics but not one scrap of legal evidence. If your honor, after listening to the evidence, believes the chief of police is not guilty, we are entitled to your decision."

"That's hardly complimentary to the court," cautioned Judge Olson.

**HEALY SEEKS HEARING.**

"I should like to be heard on the legal question of the right of the state's attorney to withdraw his application," insisted Attorney Healy. "I am not sure there has ever been an adjudication along these lines."

"There have been plenty of decisions in nolle cases," declared the judge.

"Your honor has a deep responsibility in this case. We expect you to do what the circumstances and common justice require. It seems to me the court would be justified in saying what you think."

"I don't believe you will express an opinion that would not be a legal opinion," said Mr. Hoyne.

"The court does not care to set the precedent of placing the state's attorney before the court. I am not disposed to permit the state's attorney to withdraw his application for warrants tonight before I hear arguments. I am of the opinion that the power to nolle cases and stop hearings is too broad as now used by the state's attorney."

"The state's attorney will be here in the morning," said Mr. Hoyne, "to cite authorities for you. But we will go without waiving any of our rights."

"You have seen the dirty hand of politics all through this hearing. The state's

## POLICE CHIEF HEALEY I.D. CIED

(Continued from first page.)

eral more indictments. It is possible that indictments will be returned against at least two police captains."

Mr. Hoyne and First Assistant State's Attorney Frank Johnston Jr. declined to identify the two police captains or any possible others.

Capt. Morgan Collins of Central detail and Capt. James O'Toole were mentioned in the day's proceedings before Judge Olson in the light of possible "co-conspirators" with Chief Healey. Capt. O'Toole figured in connection with allowing the Believel hotel at North Clark street and Grand avenue to do business.

Capt. Collins' name was associated by former Morals Inspector Francis E. Hanna with an investigation of the Fox

Club in the Morrison hotel.

**MAY INVOLVE FEILMAN.**

Assistant State's Attorney Johnston implied an indictment might be asked against John Feilman, a tailor, to whom Peter J. Gaynor, a saloonkeeper, at 1007 West Fullerton street, said he paid him to obtain the restoration of his license.

Gaynor, it is believed, will be indicted unless he testifies.

"Suppose," said Judge Olson, "I should get the idea that you were in league with the men you were prosecuting and you asked me to drop the case to defeat the ends of justice. Would you expect me to permit you to drop the case?"

"If I had such a case in your court, I would answer it," replied Mr. Hoyne.

"I will not do so now. I will not answer your questions."

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Club in the Morrison hotel.

**CHARGES IN INDICTMENTS.**

The indictments against Chief Healey are voluminous documents which stripped of legal verbiage, charge that the chief permitted:

**Saloons to keep open in violation of the Sunday closing law.**

**Saloons to sell liquor in violation of the 1 o'clock closing law.**

**Slot machines to operate.**

**Gambling houses to run.**

**Houses of ill-fame to keep open.**

**Women to solicit on the streets.**

**Politicians to sway him in his of fices.**

**HIS REPORTS "COLORED."**

The indictments charge further that Chief Healey colored his reports to Mayor Thompson to induce the chief

not to prosecute him.

**O'DONNELL AND ERNSTEIN SEEK SPECIAL PROSECUTOR.**

Attorney Under Indictment Serves Notice He Will Ask Judge to Bar Hoyne and Assistants.

Attorney P. H. O'Donnell served notice on State's Attorney Hoyne yesterday that he will file a petition with Judge Joseph H. Fitch asking that Mr. Hoyne and his assistants be barred from prosecuting perjury charges against O'Donnell and Attorney Charles E. Erbstein growing out of the Stoen-Welsch-Baum-Roth police graft trial.

This means O'Donnell and Erbstein want a special state's attorney appointed.

In his petition Mr. O'Donnell sets forth that:

The evidence upon which Capt. Stoen was convicted was "framed."

State's Attorney Hoyne and his assistant, Henry A. Berger, have conspired with criminals, Abe Frank, Nathan Steinberg, and Max Lubin, for O'Donnell's conviction and have promised them immunity.

O'Donnell, it also is asserted, has a statement by three criminals of the Mollie Pittenbury and that attempt was made to bribe them to give perjury testimony.

"The state's attorney will be here in the morning," said Mr. Hoyne, "to cite authorities for you. But we will go without waiving any of our rights."

"You have seen the dirty hand of politics all through this hearing. The state's

## THOMPSON AID, GRAFT SUSPECT, TO GRAND JURY

John Feilman, for Whose Arrest Hoyne Man Loses Star, Denies Guilt.

John Feilman, said to be the "John" whose name Peter J. Gaynor, the saloonkeeper, could not remember when he was asked to whom he paid \$300 for the return of his license, was taken before the grand jury yesterday after a spectacular raid that resulted in the summary suspension of Policeman Michael Grady.

The grand jury, however, begins to present the body of the indictment, "do present the body of the indictment, then and there being general knowledge of the conduct of the police of the city of Chicago, was on the first day of September, 1916, guilty of palpable omission of his said duties and of willful and corrupt oppression, malfeasance, and partiality, and did unlawfully, corruptly, knowingly, and wilfully authorise, and permit divers persons in the said city of Chicago to engage in games of chance, as bookmakers and otherwise, for the purpose of gambling and for money or other valuable thing, in violation of the ordinances of the said city of Chicago and laws of the state of Illinois."

The indictment then declares that the chief failed to suppress disorderly persons and streetwalkers, and finally,

"Did unlawfully, willfully, knowingly, corruptly, and falsely make false and untrue statements and reports pertaining to the restoration of certain saloon licenses theretofore revoked by the mayor of the city of Chicago, with the intent to thereby improperly cause and induce the said mayor of the city of Chicago to do and say what he did, having been deceived, in violation of the order of the said mayor of the city of Chicago to the general superintendent of police, the said Charles C. Healey, to make such reports concerning the premises, contrary to the statutes and against the peace and dignity of the same people as the state of Illinois."

The conspiracy indictment against Healey, Luthardt, and Essig covers substantially the same ground as the malfeasance indictment against the chief.

It is similar charge that the chief "convinced" him to fail to prevent the use of gambling tables, wheels, slot machines, and other devices in public places, and refused to seize and destroy them as directed by the city and state laws.

Concerning saloons the indictment states that Chief Healey "did unlawfully, willfully, knowingly, and corruptly fail and neglect to prevent divers persons selling spirituous malt, vinous, and intoxicating liquors . . . from so selling without having first

obtained a license to do so . . . did permit divers persons to maintain saloons and dramsips in connection with winerooms and private apartments shut off by doors, curtains, screens, and other devices . . . and to sell liquor in private apartments to numbers of persons less than four and not of the same sex."

The next three divisions have to do with gambling in saloons, keeping open after 1 a.m., and selling liquor on Sunday, all of which it is charged Chief Healey "did unlawfully, knowingly, willfully, and corruptly wholly fail to prevent."

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"Everyone knows," asserted the mayor later, "that an indictment does not mean the chief is guilty. Hoyne is playing politics, and every one knows that, too. The public knows that the grand jury which indicted Chief Healey heard only one side of the story, and that was all Hoyne wanted the jurors to hear.

"I am confident the people will respond to Hoyne's action at the election, having the chief indicted while the hearing before Judge Olson was in progress was absolutely unfair."

Likened to Halpin Case.

It was pointed out in the city hall that the trial of the chief of police is somewhat like that of Captain J. Halpin, former chief of detectives. He held his position by appointment until furlough from his position of captain.

Corporation Counsel Etelson immediately busied himself with the law to determine if there is anything to prevent Healey from remaining as head of the police department. Thus far it has been the policy of the Thompson administration to suspend city employees under investigation. Such action was taken in the case of Francis A. Becker, an employee of the civil service commission, who was indicted for alleged participation in Twenty-first ward graft. Chief Healey is under the jurisdiction of the civil service commission.

**Healey the Spokesman.**

Attorney John J. Healy, the official spokesman for the administration.

"It's simply character assassination," declared Mr. Healy after he had held a conference with Mayor Thompson, the chief. Luthardt, Corporation Counsel Etelson; his first assistant, Chester E. Cleveland; and Controller Eugene R. Pike.

"No language that I can think of is adequate to express my opinion of Mr. Hoyne's action," he added.

**RUSSIAN MONK AND AUTHOR SUES AMERICAN PUBLICATION**

Alleges Failure to Publish and Fully Pay for Stories Exposing "Orgies" in Caesar's Court.

New York, Oct. 23.—[Special]—Sergius Michalow Trufanoff, Russian monk and author, who claims to have first exposed "orgies" in the Roman court, headed by the empress, through his attorney, filed papers today in a suit against the Metropolitan magazine for an injunction and damages. The suit is based on the defendant company's failure to publish the series of five special articles exposing the Roman court.

The plaintiff asked an injunction restraining the Metropolitan company from publishing any of the articles based on information alleged to have been supplied by himself, and also an injunction preventing the publication of the publication by the plaintiff or any other company, or stories based on similar information.

Damages to the amount of \$3,000 are asked for alleged breach of contract. Trufanoff asserting that the defendants promised to pay him \$3,000 and have paid only \$2,000.

In his complaint Trufanoff declares Archbishop Evdokim and another person offered him \$25,000 and a pardon from the Russian government if he would refrain from publishing the story, shortly after he had begun the alleged negotiations with the Metropolitan.

The Normand's Fifth Avenue, Exchange, Loyal, Vendéor, and in fact

## MAYOR STILL GIVES HEALEY "CLEAN BILL"

Issues Brief Statement After Hearing of Indictment—Healy Assails Hoyne.

"The chief has a clean bill of health as far as I am concerned."

This was the first statement made by Mayor Thompson when the news of the indictment of Chief Healey and Secretary Luthardt was brought him. The statement was given out by Charles Fliszmoris, secretary to the mayor.

# FAVORS PAYING SCHOOL MONEY TO ROBERTSON

Board Finance Committee Approves \$1,500 Appropriation for Supplies.

Dr. John Dill Robertson's effort to get \$15,000 of the school board's money for taking throat cultures of school children met bitter opposition from the board's finance committee yesterday. After an hour's argument, however, the committee, by a vote of 3 to 2, decided to give the health department \$15,000 as the first installment on the \$15,000. As for that amount for supplies used in taking the cultures was submitted by Dr. Robertson. No action was taken regarding the actual appropriation of the full amount necessary for the work.

Clemensen Leads Opposition.

Dr. Peter C. Clemensen led the attempt to stop the payment of the money.

"It is an emergency exists," he said, "it is up to the health department to ask the council for the money. We have nothing to say regarding the health department. I don't see why we should put up the money for its work. If we take \$15,000 out of the contingent fund it will leave only \$5,000 for the rest of the year."

"Chicago ought to take care of its own health department or else we should take it over," said Mrs. John MacMahon. "This appropriation was planned when we were alarmed over the infantile paralysis situation. I do not think we can legally expend the money for this purpose unless an emergency exists."

Points to Deficit.

"The trouble is," said Dr. Clemensen, "that the health department has used up its appropriation from the city for other purposes, and we are to stand this emergency. There is no epidemic of diphtheria. How can we defend ourselves for this action when we have a deficit of \$500,000? I am not against Dr. Robertson or his department and I don't care if he has a million dollars. But I do object to taking the money out of the educational fund, which is 'busted.'

The appropriation will have to be approved by eleven trustees at a meeting of the board.

The committee voted to pay to Charles D. Lowry, who has been acting superintendent of schools, the difference between his regular salary of \$5,000 and that of the superintendent, \$10,000, and this brief term as director, the difference will amount to \$700. Mr. Pigott and Mrs. Florence Vosburgh objected to the payment. It is said the request originated with Sup't John D. Knoch.

## TAX AMENDMENT BOOSTER FINDS VOTERS ARE WITH HIM

"I already that I talked with some to be for the adoption of the tax amendment to the constitution," said Frank L. Mann of Gilmann, chairman of the Illinois tax amendment committee, yesterday. "If the voters mark their ballots the way the people that I talk to are going to mark theirs Illinois is close to a better tax system."

Mr. Mann was in Chicago to attend a meeting of officers of the Illinois and Cook county tax amendment committees and the board of directors' meeting of the Illinois Farmers' Institute. He leaves tonight on a speaking tour for the amendment. He will address the farmers' institutes at Benton, St. Jacob, and Columbia this week.

State Senator Pervier of Sheffield, Prof. J. G. Gilbert and Prof. H. B. Piper of the Carbondale State Normal university, H. G. McCullough of Kindersfield, and W. B. Elliott of Williamsfield also will address institutes in Clinton, Wabash, Fulton, Lawrence, Monroe, Schuyler, and Randolph counties. Mr. Mann reported.

## LIABLE TO PRISON TERMS IF THEY PEEL POTATOES

LONDON, Oct. 22.—A dispatch to Reuters' Telegram company from Copenhagen says:

"The burgomaster of Eckernförd, Schleswig-Holstein, publishes an urgent order against the peeling of potatoes. The order says the prospects of obtaining potatoes in the future are exceedingly small, and that despite official control it is probable that only a couple of pounds weekly per head will be obtainable.

"Any one discovered peeling potatoes before boiling or throwing away peels will be punished by three months' imprisonment or a fine of \$300."

Reading lenses mounted in shell frames are very desirable.

A pair of lenses fitted to your eyes for reading or sewing will cost \$1.50 to \$3.00.

That expenditure perhaps stands between comfort and the efforts you are making to do your work.

Is it worth while to so waste your energy? It will cost nothing to find out at

Wm. G.  
**BEEK**  
OPTICIAN  
21 North Wabash

DESKS All styles, woods and finishes. Chairs, tables, filing devices. Large variety, exceptional values. FRANKLIN DESK COMPANY 121 Jackson Blvd., Harrison 127

## U. S. OFFICIALLY RECORDED AS 'AT WAR WITH MEXICO'

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—[Special]—Secretary of War Baker, although seriously objecting to the publication of Brig. Gen. Enoch H. Crowder's opinion that the United States is in a state of war with Mexico, has officially endorsed it and placed it on record as "a decision of the war department."

This was learned here today together with the fact that a quiet investigation may be begun by the administration to ascertain who was responsible for disclosing the opinion of Gen. Crowder to the public after the secretary's office had decided that for the present it was to be suppressed.

The publication has admitted embarrassed both President Wilson and Secretary Baker. Mr. Baker has used the campaign slogan "He kept us out of war" as a doctrine in his speeches and other cabinet members have done the same or planned to do so.

## VILLA AMBUSH TRAPS HIS FOE

Catches Carrancistas in a Rocky Defile on Railway, Report Says.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 22.—Francisco Villa led the Carranza vanguard under Gen. Carlos Osuna into an ambush between Santa Isabel and San Andres, on the western division of the Mexico Northwestern railroad, Friday, a report received by one of the federal department's agents here today stated.

According to this report, which was obtained by secret service agents for the federal department, Villa retreated from the Carranza forces at the last moment and was hidden in the mountains. The bandits, who were hidden in the rocky defiles along the railroad, poured a heavy fire into the Carranza troops from behind rocks, according to the report.

**Carranza Quits Capital?**

Laredo, Tex., Oct. 22.—Gen. Carranza, accompanied by Alvaro Obregon, minister of war, and a retinue of administration officials, are at Queretaro, where over six car loads of war munitions were taken from Mexico City, according to information received from sources heretofore reliable.

This information came to the effect that Gen. Pablo Gonzales, who has been operating in the state of Morelos, and on day brings new evidence of his accumulating forces. Manifesting itself first in the west, it now feels least as far east as New York. There is not a sun Hughes state west of the Allegheny mountains—not one, even Iowa, into which Republican speakers of national reputation are now being rushed.

"Ohio is referred to by candid observers whose sympathies are with the Republican candidate as probably lost to them. Illinois is conceded to be doubtful by the political writer of the public and independent papers, and confidently claimed by the Democrats. Kansas even has been hanging in the balance, and the announcement that Victor Murdoch's paper is out for Wilson justifies the claim consistently made by our workers in that state that its electoral vote will be cast for the presidential candidate."

Hull Jumps Into Fight for REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES

Morton D. Hull, who was defeated for the nomination for governor in the September primaries, enters the campaign tonight in behalf of all Republican tickets. His first speech will be at the Hyde Park Masonic temple, Fifty-first street and Michigan avenue. Congressman James R. Mann will also speak and all county candidates will appear.

Senator Hull's decision to take an active part in the campaign cements the factional breach in the primary, as Republicans view it. Col. Frank L. Smith resumed his place "in the ranks," as he expressed it at the Peoria state convention, and he and his friends have been working actively downstate for the entire ticket.

**DR. SKODA FOUND GUILTY**

Dr. Robert Skoda was found guilty of the mails to defraud by a jury before Judge Wright in the United States District court yesterday. The jury was out thirty minutes.

Dr. Skoda, it is alleged, defrauded land owners through his proposed plan to colonize Polish, German, and Bohemian farmers. It is said that he received sums of money from various land owners in order to carry on an advertising campaign. The doctor through the trial denied any guilt in the matter and insisted that his plan was an honest one.

Sentence probably will be passed to-day.

## DRIVE TO CORRAL GERMANS BEGUN BY DEMOCRATS

Leaders Deny Rumor They Have  
Abandoned Hope of Land-  
ing Teutonic Vote.

The drive by the Democratic national committee for the German vote has not been abandoned, according to statements yesterday at western headquarters. On the other hand, it was announced, both stump speakers and literature will be furnished for all localities where Germans are strong.

The report was current early in the day, after the committee had launched its attack on Jeremiah O'Leary and tied Mr. Hughes up with the hyphen that the Wilson forces had decided to cut loose entirely from the Germans and make a sensational anti-German campaign, with the hope that they could corral most of the other nationalities. This was denied.

The committee last night began preparations for flooding the country with "he kept us out of war" pictures, showing horrors of the European war, and at the same time gave prominence to work of Democrats among pro-German voters of St. Paul.

**Appeal by a German.**

"A stirring appeal," says an official statement, "to German citizens to cast their votes for Wilson is being made by Adolf Nahrleman of St. Paul, one of the best known Germans in the state, for many years editor of the Volkszeitung of St. Paul. His appeal for repudiation of Hughes and his Rooseveltian policies closes with this paragraph:

"When the truth is known, and I am willing to furnish the evidence, no true German-American can conscientiously support Charles Hughes and the Hughes-Hertel combination, but there are more than a dozen reasons to induce the German-American voter to vote for Woodrow Wilson, who kept us out of war, and who was successful in upholding the friendly relations between the two greatest countries on the face of the earth—the United States and Germany."

**Walsh Issues Statement.**

Senator Walsh, director of the western Democratic headquarters, last night issued the following forecast: "The wing of Wilson is intact and every day brings new evidence of his accumulating forces. Manifesting itself first in the west, it now feels least as far east as New York. There is not a sun Hughes state west of the Allegheny mountains—not one, even Iowa, into which Republican speakers of national reputation are now being rushed."

"Ohio is referred to by candid observers whose sympathies are with the Republican candidate as probably lost to them. Illinois is conceded to be doubtful by the political writer of the public and independent papers, and confidently claimed by the Democrats. Kansas even has been hanging in the balance, and the announcement that Victor Murdoch's paper is out for Wilson justifies the claim consistently made by our workers in that state that its electoral vote will be cast for the presidential candidate."

**AUSTRIAN PREMIER'S DEATH WORK OF POLITICAL CRANK**

Will Not Influence Nation's Future  
on Course of War, Responsible  
Authorities Aver.

**VIEENNA, Oct. 22, via London, Oct. 23.**—Government circles here regard the killing of Premier Stuerzkh as an act of a political crank which can in no wise influence the political situation or the course of the war. This statement was made to the correspondent of the Associated Press in high responsible quarters.

It is pointed out that the time which has elapsed since the murder has shown that Adler, the assassin, stands alone. His act is disavowed by the Socialist party and press and condemned by his father, Victor Adler. Socialist member of the lower chamber of the Reichsrath.

Adler stated to the police that he shot Stuerzkh because the premier opposed the convening of parliament. It is stated officially that Stuerzkh had at no time done this and that he could not do it because the convening of parliament was a matter in the hands of the Democratic ticket.

"Democratic managers are also satisfied the entire Democratic county ticket will sweep the country. They declare the so-called straw votes which are being reported on the state and township level are being faked. All indications point to State's Attorney Hoyne obtaining one of the largest pluralities of any of the candidates on the Democratic ticket."

**Confident for All.**

An official statement from Democratic county headquarters last night expresses confidence President Wilson would make gains during the last two weeks of the campaign and continue:

"Democratic managers are also satisfied the entire Democratic county ticket will sweep the country. They declare the so-called straw votes which are being reported on the state and township level are being faked. All indications point to State's Attorney Hoyne obtaining one of the largest pluralities of any of the candidates on the Democratic ticket."

**KAI SER DECIDES ON POLICIES**

BERLIN, Oct. 22, via London, Oct. 23, 1:30 a. m.—The emperor, who is putting a brief visit to Berlin, conferred with the imperial chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, and will continue the discussions on the general situation, concerning which the chancellor and the foreign secretary, Herr von Jagow, last week visited the great headquarters. It is understood that there has been no change in the situation with respect to the United States.

**SWIFT & COMPANY'S SALES OF BEEF ON THE INCREASE**

Swift & Company's sales of beef on the increase ending Saturday, Oct. 21, averaged as follows: Domestic beef, 10,50 cents per pound—Advertisement.

**CITIES FEDERAL STEPS.**

"When there is full cooperation between state livestock sanitary officials and the bureau of animal industry such as prevailed in Illinois, proclamations to prevent interstate shipments of livestock from infected areas serve no practical purpose."

"It is also a matter of record that foot and mouth disease in Illinois was not permitted to spread beyond the fifty-two counties originally infected. Had negligence and incompetency prevailed in Illinois, it is not reasonable to suppose that the most highly contagious disease known would have been permitted to spread beyond the fifty-two counties originally infected."

**California Fruits**

Fruits of a quality that come up to The T. & G. Store standard and at a price that means a substantial saving.

**California Asparagus**

Buy asparagus now and buy as much as you possibly can, because the supply is limited and prices are sure to advance later.

**Pineapple in Tin**

A quick, delicious, easily served dessert and inexpensive. A product of the most choice pineapples packed in the world—recommended by The T. & G. Store. The price has been made especially attractive until Nov. 1.

**PEAS—CORN Tomatoes**

PEAS—These peas have all the rich, sweet flavor of the young growth picked fresh from the vines—packed with discriminating care.

**WISCONSIN Early June**

Sifted Early June, 3 for 25c

Sweet Wrinkles, 25c

Extra Sifted Early June, .22

**CORN—Fancy western corn**

sweet, creamy and delicious. The

best quality can be gotten at \$1.60

**Tomatoes**

Tomatoes—Put up as nearly whole

as possible and in their own juice—in

flavor and quality exceptionally good.

can, 15c; 25c

dozen, .25

**Snider's Catsup**

Catsup, 2 for 25c; dozen, .25

Catsup, 16c; .25

Chili Sauce, 16c; dozen, .25

Chili Sauce, 16c; dozen, .25

**Jello—All Flavors**

Limit of 12 packages to a customer, p. g.

**American Family Soap**

10 bars (with grocery)

39c

**Grandma's Washing Powder**

Two 34-lb. packages, with grocery order.

25c

**TEAS—COFFEES—CHOCOLATE—COCOA**

COFFEE—This store has established

a wonderful reputation for its coffee.

People come blocks out of their way

in order to get some one blend that

they have never had from other stores.

You can get better coffee

for less money in this store

than you can anywhere else.

Breakfast Blend—It's being used in

thousands of homes that never paid

less than 35c a lb. for coffee. Buy

it cheap, it's good—not because

## GERMANS TAKE MAIN SEAPORT OF ROUMANIA

Capture Constanza After Ter-  
rific Twelve Mile Drive—  
Rout Dobruja Foe.

## BULLETIN.

LONDON, Oct. 24, 3 a. m.—The feeling in Bucharest is serious," says a Daily News dispatch from Petrograd. "The king, a good soldier, and the queen, as an Englishwoman, preserve their unanimity. The attempt to form a coalition government by the inclusion of members of the opposition has failed."

BERLIN, Oct. 23.—Constanza, Roumania's greatest seaport, has fallen before Field Marshal von Mackensen's armies, it was officially announced this afternoon.

Capture of the city is the greatest single achievement for the central powers since Roumania entered the war eight weeks ago. The victory is hailed by German military men as of more importance than all the gains made by the allies since the Somme offensive began.

Roumanian Army Rout.

Official dispatches from the German and Bulgarian war office indicate that the Russo-Roumanians have suffered a disastrous rout.

Pushing northward along the Black Sea coast, Von Mackensen's army captured first the Roumanian port of Tuzla and then swept onward through strongly fortified Roumanian lines of defense, marching twelve miles to Constanza in a little more than two days.

The rapidity of the Teutonic advance is accepted as an indication that the Russians and Roumanians became demoralized and made an extremely disordered retreat.

**German War Report.**

The German official report covering operations in the Balkans reads:

Dobruja—Notwithstanding torrential rain and sodden ground, the allied [Teutonic] troops by uniting and quick pursuit and by breaking down isolated resistance, have crossed far beyond the railway line to the east of Murlatir. Constanza has been taken by German and Bulgarian troops. On the left wing we are approaching Tchernavoda [Constanza railway].

**Russian War Report.**

PETROGRAD, Oct. 23.—The Russian and Roumanian troops in Dobruja are continuing to retreat, the war office announced today. They are offering stubborn resistance to Field Marshal von Mackensen's army. The announcement follows:

On the northeastern Roumanian front in the Cerna, Oltus and Slatina valleys the enemy attacked by Roumanians was compelled to make a slight retirement. On the western frontier of Moldavia [northern Roumania] stubborn battles continue with success for the Roumanians.

In Dobruja under the continuing pressure of the enemy our troops and the Roumanians are retreating, offering stubborn resistance.

**Bulgarian War Report.**

BUCHAREST, Oct. 23.—The war office announced today that the Roumanian forces in Dobruja had made a further retirement before the army of Field Marshal von Mackensen. The statement reads:

Northern and northwestern fronts—These were violent artillery actions at Tulcea and Braila. In the Trotz valley the enemy is retreating and has set fire to the village of Brezaturossa [five miles inside the Roumanian frontier line].

In the Usul valley all the attacks of the enemy, who attempted to debouch from the Usul into the Oltus and Slatina valleys, were repelled.

**Repel Teutons' Attacks.**

In the Buzau valley at Tabia Butzi, Petrosa, and Predeal there were violent bombardments. At Predeal a violent enemy attack was repelled.

In the region of Dragslavale we have reoccupied Mount Presacal. On our left there were numerous attacks and counter attacks. We retained our positions.

We repulsed an enemy detachment which advanced from Scara through the valley of Topolog.

In the region of Orsovo we have

## HOW CENTRAL POWERS THREATEN ROUMANIA



In the capture of Constanza Gen. von Mackensen has cut off direct water and rail connections between Russia and Roumania. Possession of the railway from the coast to Tchernavoda on the Danube will make it difficult to send in Russian reinforcements, ammunition, and other supplies. They will have to come overland.

Only the wide channel of the Danube now lies between the invaders and the heart of Roumania. The loss of the Dobruja country

and its chief seaport may force the retirement of the Roumanian armies to the west as the pressure of Von Falkenhayn along the Transylvanian frontier is being kept up relentlessly. A smash across the Danube on the south and east or through the Transylvanian Alps from the west and north would isolate a large portion of Roumania from connection with the Russians through Bessarabia and Moldavia.

Von Mackensen's army advances from Dobruja, capturing Roumania's greatest seaport of Con-

stanza.

repelled an enemy attack directed against the village of Bersu.

In Dobruja fighting continues with violence. Our troops retired immediately to the south of Tchernavoda [Constanza railway].

**Russian War Report.**

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In Dobruja under the continuing pressure of the enemy our troops and the Roumanians are retreating, offering stubborn resistance.

**French War Report.**

PARIS, Oct. 23.—Desperate fighting in the bend of the Cerna on the Macedonian front has resulted favorably to the entente forces, according to today's war office announcement, which follows:

From the Struma to the Vardar there were no events of importance. Patrol engagements occurred in the region of Prosenik.

In the bend of the Cerna the Bulgarians on Oct. 18 delivered several violent counter attacks with large bodies of troops against Serbian positions. Obstinate fighting which lasted all day ended in complete success for our allies, who everywhere repulsed the enemy.

**British War Report.**

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The following official report from the Macedonian front was given out here today:

On the Struma front rain is still impeding operations. A French patrol, acting in conjunction with our forces, raided Bulgarian trenches near Bejzikmeh. The admiralty made the following announcement today:

Hostile seaplanes on the morning of Oct. 22 attacked without success our eastern Frisian Islands (in the North sea). No damage was caused.

## ALLIED AIRMEN LOSE 22 FIGHTS

Capt. Boelke Brings Down His Thirty-eighth En-  
emy Craft.

BERLIN, Oct. 23.—Twenty-two allied aeroplanes were shot down on the western front yesterday. Capt. Boelke shot down two more, bringing his total to thirty-eight. The official announcement follows:

In the neighborhood of the coast, in the Somme, and in the Meuse regions there was great aerial activity. Twenty-two aviators were shot down by aerial attacks and anti-aircraft fire. Eleven aeroplanes were lying behind our lines. Capt. Boelke conquered his thirty-seventh and thirty-eighth foes and Lieut. Frank his fourteenth enemy.

Enemy aviators dropped bombs on Metz and on villages in Lorraine. No military damage was caused. Five civilians died and seven were made ill through inhaling poisonous gases emitted from bombs.

The admiralty made the following announcement today:

Hostile seaplanes on the morning of Oct. 22 attacked without success our eastern Frisian Islands (in the North sea). No damage was caused.

**Attack German Bases.**

PARIS, Oct. 23.—Four tons of projectiles have been dropped by a French air squadron of twenty-four machines on blast furnaces north of Metz and on the Thionville stations, the war office announced today. Another French

flootilla bombarded factories at Rombach. The announcement follows:

Yesterday twenty-four of our machines dropped four tons of bombs on blast furnaces at Hagondange and Boussois north of Metz, and also on the railway stations at Thionville, Meuse-Les-Metz, Longwy, and Metz-Sablon. They attained their objective.

Another of our aerial squadrons bombed the ammunition depot at Mons-en-Barrois.

This morning German aeroplanes dropped several bombs on Luneville. There were no victims and the material damage was insignificant.

On the Somme front yesterday two German aeroplanes were brought down and three others were forced down in a damaged condition.

Good results were achieved by a bombing expedition against factories of Rombach and the railway station at March-la-Tour.

**Raid Town of Margate.**

LONDON, Oct. 23.—A hostile aeroplane appeared today over Margate, on the southeastern coast of England, and dropped three bombs. Two persons were injured.

**POPE WILL PRAY FOR PEACE**

New Cardinals Will Be Created a Consistory to Be Held on December 7.

**ROME, via Paris, Oct. 23.**—Pope Benedict has decided to hold a secret consistory on Dec. 4, and a public consistory on Dec. 7, at which he will create new cardinals. At the consistory Pope Benedict will deliver an allocution in which he will discuss the European situation and pray for a cessation of the war.

## BRITISH CAPTURE FOES' TRENCHES ON WIDE FRONT

Official Report Tells of Gains  
Near Gueudecourt and Les-  
boeufs, North of Somme.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—More than a thousand yards of German trenches in the region of Gueudecourt and Lesboeufs were taken by the British in fighting north of the Somme river in France this afternoon, according to the official communication issued tonight. The statement says:

This afternoon we advanced our line east of Gueudecourt and Lesboeufs and captured over a thousand yards of enemy trenches.

Two German tanks were attempted against our trenches in the neighborhood of Gommecourt. One was stopped by fire and the enemy suffered heavy casualties. The second penetrated our outpost lines, but was driven back by our counter attack.

**French Also Make Gain.**

PARIS, Oct. 23.—French troops in the Somme region have fought their way forward in the neighborhood of Salla-Saint-Quentin. The war office announced yesterday the allies gained northeast of Morval. The official report says:

An isolated position today enabled us to progress appreciably northeast of Morval.

After brief artillery preparation our troops carried in a superb rush the whole of a ridge No. 128, west of Salla-Salliseul, on which we gained a footing Oct. 18.

Further south an enemy coup de main against one of our trenches was made. The total number of prisoners taken by us since Saturday in the Chaulnes sector is now 450, including sixteen officers.

**Germans Admit Betrayal.**

BERLIN, Oct. 23.—By wireless to Sayville, the American headquarters today issued the following statement on operations in the Italian war theater:

Yesterday enemy artillery was active in the Plava sector, on the middle Isonzo, east of Goritz, and in the Dobrobo sector in the Carso.

**Austrian War Report.**

BERLIN, Oct. 23.—By wireless to Sayville, the American headquarters today issued the following statement on operations in the Italian war theater:

On the coastal front the vigor of the Italian artillery fire again increased yesterday. In the Tyrol and Carinthia the fighting slackened.

## ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE EUROPEAN WAR

British submarine sank Turkish transport Carmen in Sea of Marmora.

Germans drove back Russians northwest of Drivnik.

Austrian airmen dropped bombs on Venice.

French troops effected junction with Serbian army and proceeded toward Strumitsa, the Bulgarian stronghold.

## TWO YEARS AGO TODAY

Germans repulse Russians west of Augustow.

## BIG GUNS ROAR ALL ALONG ITALIAN BATTLE FRONT.

Particularly Active in Plava Sec-  
tor, East of Goritz, and in the  
Dobrobo Region.

ROME, Oct. 23.—Italian troops on the Carso front have developed renewed activity, the war office announces in the following report:

Yesterday enemy artillery was active in the Plava sector, on the middle Isonzo, east of Goritz, and in the Dobrobo sector in the Carso.

**Austrian War Report.**

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## Joseph's OF CHICAGO

In Our Own Building—Just South of Congress  
608-610 S. Michigan Blvd.

these are  
certainly  
splendid new  
Coats  
and  
Dresses

"CHEERFUL" is  
the best word to  
describe them—au-  
thoritative and  
cheerful in style,  
fabric and color-  
tone—the kind of  
coats and suits that  
harmonize with  
your own personal-  
ity—that make  
Fall and early  
Winter a delight to  
you.

**Smart Coats**  
Many Fur-Trimmed

—their styles are so ex-  
tremely pretty and novel,  
their materials of the most popular kinds, such as  
Bolivias, broadcloths, gabardines, and many others.  
And you will find any shade to please your taste.  
Many heavily fur-trimmed. Besides all this—in-  
deed of \$55 or \$60, they are spe-  
cially priced at..... \$42.50

**Luxurious Dresses**

Marvels of beauty—in navy, green, black, Burgundy,  
fine quality serges, Poiret twills and other fashion-  
able fabrics—all trimmed with exclusive embroidery  
designs of exquisite colorings that  
will surprise you. Today's price. \$29.50

Others at \$35, \$37.50, \$47.50



## If Your Feet Could Talk

THEY would say "Those pointed, bone-bend-  
ing, 'fashionable' shoes you buy, give us corns,  
bunions, fallen arches, callouses, ingrown nails.  
Give us a chance. Put us into roomy, com-  
fortable, good-looking Educators that let the  
feet grow as they should!"

Made for MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN

Start the whole family wearing Educators today. Let  
Nature relieve you of your foot-ills. Let your children  
grow up without any foot-ills.

Made by Rice & Hutchins, Inc., 15 High Street, Boston.

**RICE & HUTCHINS**  
**EDUCATOR**  
SHOE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.  
Retailers can be supplied at wholesale from  
stock on floor.

RICE & HUTCHINS CHICAGO, Ill.

## "Machine Made Men and Women"

This fascinating book by Peter J. Peel tells how to reduce your weight.

Every man and woman who is overweight should read it.

The interesting results of Peter J. Peel's work are told in this book. The patients lost from twenty to eighty-two pounds of excess weight without diet or inconvenience.

We Speak With Authority

For twenty-one years Peter J. Peel has been the physical advisor to many of Chicago's leading physicians and surgeons.

Eminent physicians and surgeons use his co-operation—his intimate knowledge



## T. R. LAMBASTES BAKER FOR STAIN PUT ON U.S. ARMY

"The Blackest Falsification Ever Penned"—"Exquisitely Unfit" for Secretary of War.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 23.—Secretary of War Baker was the particular target for Col. Roosevelt's darts in his speech here today.

He called Secretary Baker's character "the blackest falsehood ever penned."

"Yet it is to be expected of a man who didn't play with tin soldiers when a boy," he said. "I might add here that Mr. Baker's Cleveland friends have wired me that he used to knit when young."

**Quotes Erroneous "Facts."**

"They must occupy an improper and impudent position and seek to justify themselves by precedents from the past," he said in opening his address.

"It is almost impossible for them to avoid misrepresenting the facts they desire to quote in their favor."

President Wilson's positions and actions have been entirely justifiable from the standpoint of those who justify the positions and actions of President Buchanan. But it is utterly impossible to defend the conduct of President Wilson save by inferentially condemning the conduct of such presidents as Washington, Jackson, and Lincoln.

If President Wilson's behavior toward Germany and especially toward Mexico, if his attitude in both our international and internal affairs are proper, then Washington, Jackson, and Lincoln acted nobly in upholding and saving the union and defending our position against foreign nations by their readiness and ability to use force.

**Action Wholly Indefensible.**

"If their attitude toward the army and navy was right then the attitude of Mr. Wilson in appointing and maintaining Mr. Daniels as secretary of the navy and Mr. Baker as secretary of war is wholly indefensible.

Mr. Baker is an amiable pacifist who, I do not doubt, could give remarkable service along other lines. But he is undoubtedly unfit for his present position and would never have been appointed to it if Mr. Wilson had been willing to look at the army from the standpoint of military efficiency, instead of creating it purely from the standpoint of temporary protective expediency.

Mr. Baker has been engaged recently on several occasions in the defense of Mr. Wilson. His effort is to defend Mr. Wilson's attitude toward Carranza and the Mexican bandits generally, by alighting that Washington and his soldiers stood or substantially the same level. He is by no means as astute as Mr. Wilson, but he is more sincere and straightforward.

When he was appointed to the position of secretary of war, the newspapers reported him as saying that he "knew nothing about the army," that he was a pacifist, and that even when a boy his principles had been such that he never played with tin soldiers.

**Appeals to Wilson Ignorance.**

"These artless attributes, and especially Mr. Baker's admitted and complete ignorance of the job, appealed strongly to Mr. Wilson's own ignorance of all militia matters, and the amiable but wholly unilitary character which this civic-duty portrayed is precisely that which Mr. Baker has shown in his office.

He certainly understands nothing of efficiency in war, and it is now apparent that he regards all wars as standing on the same level of infancy and all soldiers as equally dispensable. Among his recent exploits was an elaborate comparison of Washington and his followers and soldiers in the revolutionary war with Carranza and the other bandits who are responsible for the present class in Mexico.

Mr. Baker's speech at Jersey City on Oct. 16 presented a wholly novel view of the founders of this republic.

"Comparing men who rape women,

## PLAN PILGRIMAGE TO WILSON SHRINE

New York, Oct. 23.—Five trainloads of Democrats from this city will go to President Wilson's summer home at Long Branch, N. J., next Saturday afternoon, the executive committee of Tammany Hall announced tonight.

Plans were completed today for the windup of the campaign in this city on Saturday, Nov. 4, when President Wilson will make his first and only campaign speech here in Madison Square garden. The parade to precede the meeting, Tammany Hall officials declared tonight, will be one of the most impressive political demonstrations the city has ever witnessed.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, announced here tonight that he would tomorrow take the stump for President Wilson.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 23.—Secretary of War Baker was the particular target for Col. Roosevelt's darts in his speech here today.

He called Secretary Baker's character "the blackest falsehood ever penned."

"Yet it is to be expected of a man who didn't play with tin soldiers when a boy," he said. "I might add here that Mr. Baker's Cleveland friends have wired me that he used to knit when young."

**Quotes Erroneous "Facts."**

"They must occupy an improper and impudent position and seek to justify themselves by precedents from the past," he said in opening his address.

"It is almost impossible for them to avoid misrepresenting the facts they desire to quote in their favor."

President Wilson's positions and actions have been entirely justifiable from the standpoint of those who justify the positions and actions of President Buchanan. But it is utterly impossible to defend the conduct of President Wilson save by inferentially condemning the conduct of such presidents as Washington, Jackson, and Lincoln.

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"Comparing men who rape women,

## DEMOCRATS GET BUSY OVER SPLIT IN LABOR VOTE

Appeal to W. G. Lee to Jump to  
Firing Line—He Sends  
Out a Plea.

The split in the labor forces over the attempt of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, to deliver the solid labor vote to Pres-

ident Wilson was taken up by the Democratic national committee yesterday.

In a counter move against labor independents the national committee has called on President W. G. Lee of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, one of the union chiefs who stood with Gompers in the split, to come to Congress to get on to the firing line.

Mr. Lee, who already had issued a circular calling on the trainmen to support Wilson and vote against Hughes, was called on again for an appeal to labor forces. He responded with a lengthy statement attacking the Railway Workers' Nonpartisan association, which is backing Mr. Hughes.

Warns Against Campaign Statement.

Over his signature Mr. Lee says: "Beware of literature sent out by direction of campaign committees and disgruntled members assuming to deal with affairs over which your committee and officers are given jurisdiction according to the laws of your organization and your expressed vote and wish."

Recalls First Statement.

Mr. Lee says in his last appeal that he desires the trainmen to remember the "circular of instructions" which he

sent out in October and forwarded to all lodges, in which he appealed against Mr. Hughes.

It was Mr. Lee's October statement which had the approval of Mr. Gompers, that caused forth the first split in labor forces on the part of the Carpenters and Joiners of America, who insisted that Mr. Hughes' record as governor of New York entitles him to a "fairer" treatment than Lee and Gompers have made.

Labor Chief Dissents.

Congressman M. M. Garland of Pittsburgh addressed an audience of 300 railroad men at Garrett division point on his office of vice president of the American Federation of Labor, and gave an alternative hearing. Mr. Gompers, referring to the announcement that the president of the American Federation of Labor and other executives had declared for Wilson, is a Democrat, and so also are the other officials of the federation who signed the announcement.

They have a right, he said, to support the president for reelection if they desire, but membership in the unions and brotherhoods never means that the

members will on questions affecting public measures and public men permit any official to be a dictator.

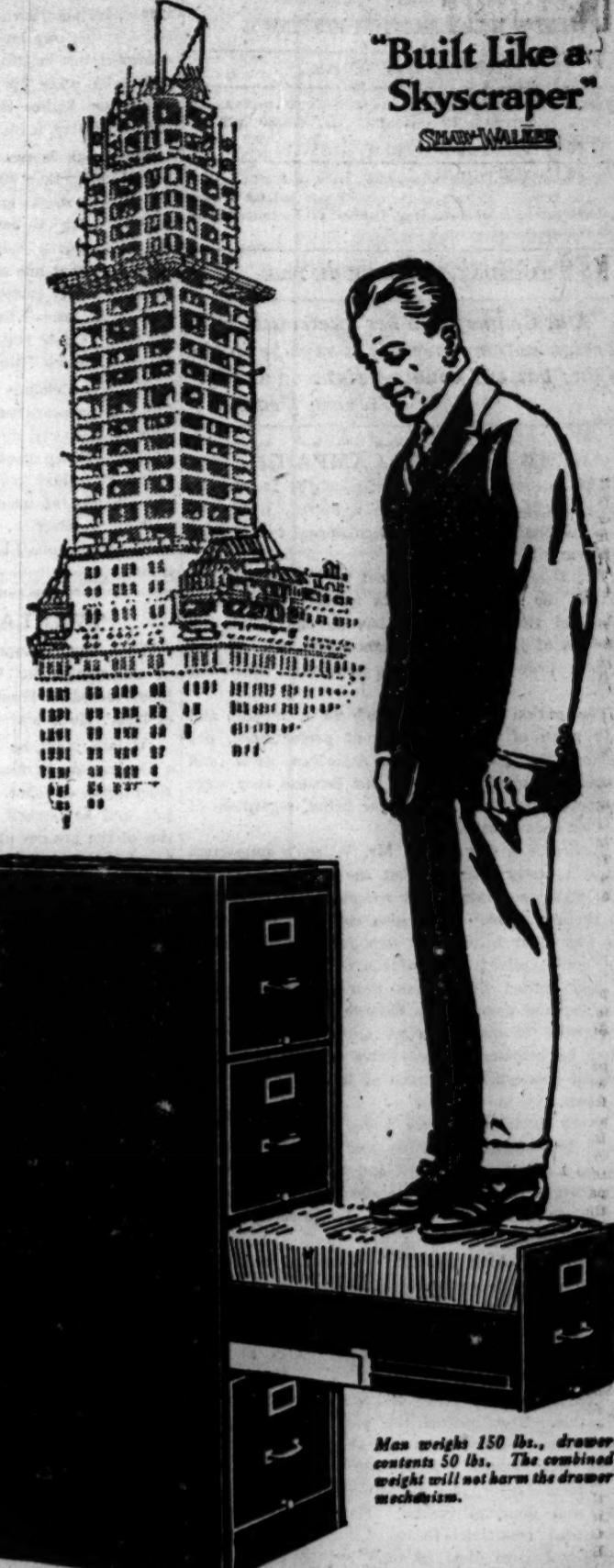
**Position of Illinois Board.**  
Springfield, Ill., Oct. 23.—The position of the executive board of the Illinois Federation of Labor on the national political situation was officially stated today in a telegram sent by President John H. Walker of the federation to E. J. Stack, secretary of the Oregon federation, in which Walker states that the executive board "takes the position that the election of Hughes would mean a greater calamity to common humanity in our country than was the civil war."

**HUGHES WRITES SPEECHES.**

Republican Nominee Spends Day  
Quietly at Montclair, N. J.—  
Prepares for Next Tour.

Montclair, N. J., Oct. 23.—Charles E. Hughes spent today quietly here. He took a long walk in the forenoon and went for an automobile ride in the afternoon. The Republican nominee also found time to go over correspondence and do some work on the speeches he will make in the next two weeks.

"Built Like a  
Skyscraper"  
SHAW-WALKER



## Are you in the "idle desk" class or do you dictate to The Dictaphone?

+



A Talk With the President of the United States, by Ida M. Tarbell in this week's

Collier's

THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

## Personal Greeting Cards

It is not too early to order your Personal Greeting Cards for the Holidays.

If you want something that is different—something distinctive—your own—we are prepared to serve you.

We also have some beautiful designs in English, Viennese and American cards ready for your selection.

You may avoid disappointment by placing your order now for future delivery. Our imprint is an assurance of quality.

A.C. McClurg & Co.

218-224 South Wabash Avenue, Between Adams and Jackson

Are you still misleading yourself with the shorthand system? Still making that valuable stenographer waste her time writing your letters twice, once in shorthand and once on the typewriter? Still content to let her typewriter stand idle a good part of the day, adding to non-productive overhead? Are you still deluding yourself that you are conducting your business economically by paying at least a third more than you should for every letter—and not getting as good or as many letters in the bargain?

If you are, a word with you:

Isn't it about time you realized that you are a trailer? Isn't it about time you put this letter writing proposition on a modern basis? And dictate when and how you want, early or late, fast or slow, without regard to any stenographer's speed? And let her write your letters once on the typewriter—and write them better; and more of them? And do her work comfortably, free from the eye-and-nerve strain of shorthand? While you save at least a third on the cost of your letters—and speed up the whole letter-writing proposition while you do it?

Isn't it obvious you should dictate to The Dictaphone?

## THE DICTAPHONE

REGISTERED

16 No. Michigan Ave.

You can't buy a Dictaphone under any other name.  
The genuine bears the name The Dictaphone.

Here's The Dictaphone telephone number—Randolph 2770. Let us hear from you. Or, here's the coupon. Either way—but do it now, while you think of it.

SELLING REPRESENTATIVES IN:

Springfield, Ill.  
Peoria, Ill.  
Rockford, Ill.

Oshkosh, Wis.  
Madison, Wis.

Des Moines, Iowa.  
Davenport, Iowa.  
Fort Dodge, Iowa.

South Bend, Ind.  
Fort Wayne, Ind.

Milwaukee, Wis.

218-224 South Wabash Avenue, Between Adams and Jackson

This advertisement was dictated to The Dictaphone

Tear this off, pin to your letterhead, and mail, The Dictaphone, 16 No. Michigan Av. Please send me particulars.

Name .....

Address .....

Address personally Mr. ....

## SHAW-WALKER STEEL LETTER FILE

NO nuts. No rivets.  
No rods. No bolts.  
No screws. Welded by  
electric spot-welding  
into one solid piece, as if  
carved from solid steel.

Drawers will run silent, smooth and speedy  
for 100 years without  
repair or attention.

Highest awards at San Francisco and San Diego Expositions. Examine a Shaw-Walker File, up against your old equipment, and you'll understand why. You'll understand also our guarantee of money back if it isn't the best file you ever owned. Phone us to send you one.

Complete catalog of Wood Files,  
Steel Files, File Desks, File Safes  
and Supplies for all Files, on request

## SHAW WALKER CO.

Telephone: Central 3838

103 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago

## Safety First

Indigestion, constipation, biliousness and many ailments of the digestive organs are often the source of serious illness. At the first sign of disordered conditions take the reliable family remedy that is always dependable—

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.  
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

## HORLICK'S

The original Malted Milk.  
Delicious, Nourishing drink  
after a hard day's work. Cheap  
Substitutes cost YOU same price.

ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE.

# The Chicago Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 3, 1906, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

All unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters, and pictures sent to "The Tribune" are sent at the owner's risk, and the Tribune company expressly repudiates any liability or responsibility for their safe custody or return.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1916.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."

—Stephen Decatur.

## THE YELLOW CAMPAIGN.

The indecent, yellow campaign of the Democratic party might have been made a decent, white one if the Democrats had wanted to appeal to anything but fear.

The Democratic party is not submitting the record of the administration in foreign affairs as a just and righteous record, but as one which, regardless of justice and righteousness, wisdom and reason, prevented something, and that something war.

The nation is asked to endorse a record, and seek more of the same sort of performance, not because the policies served American needs and promoted American security but because they were protective policies, for the time being, regardless of cost or consequence.

Mexico is a fair issue. Mr. Wilson's supporters could honestly maintain that the president's course was right and they could accept the consequences of the argument. They also could maintain that he was right in wasting two years in amnesia if not cynical observation of the defenseless position of the United States and that he was right in treating the demand for defense as hysteria. He so termed it and it is no more hysterical now, when he endorses the protective scheme, by words, than it was when he smiled at it and tried to talk it down.

Every issue which we have with Mr. Wilson could be submitted decently and honestly and the nation might seem to itself and to foreigners to be considering the worth of policies and to be formulating an answer to be given in November upon these policies.

Then everything would be decent and white, the nation would be analytical and self-respecting. Its decision might be wrong, in the opinion of persons who think Mr. Wilson has been wrong, but it would be a decision that did not seem to come from the counsels of cowardice.

The Democratic party managers would not permit this. They sensed the possibility of making the nation hysterical by appealing to fear. They knew how women instinctively will protect their men from danger, and women vote in some important and doubtful states. They knew that the American tradition is to regard Europe as a continent made red from time to time by the cruelty and despotism of monarchies. They knew that the people of the United States felt that they lived in a great, comfortable oasis when all the world about them suffered heroic agonies.

With this knowledge they decided to abandon other issues and appeal to fear. The yellow campaign was on. Mr. Wilson, naturally, cannot give himself to this disgraceful proceeding, but his lieutenants need have no scruples and have none.

The American nation is not, we believe, a yellow nation, but it can be made to confess itself as one. Its resolution and courage can be impaired and its self-respect knocked to bits by confession.

The Democratic party has engaged to do to the nation what a side show of horrors tries to do in a village. It is trying to make the people take one look at the blood sweating behemoth and run for home, thanking God for Wilson.

Democratic campaigners want to put one idea in the minds of the American people and have it take the place of fortitude, resolution, and idea of duty. That word is fear.

This is the yellow campaign of the Democratic party. If we protest against it, in the name of everything that is sacred in American traditions and everything that is worthy in American character, we are militarists, seeking to drag the shrinking sons of shrieking women into the trenches. What a malignant lie! What a fit companion to the appeal to terror!

Wars come to people whether they want them or not. They have done so in the past. They are likely to do so in the future. We do not believe that anything violently revolutionary has altered or is about to alter human nature or human conditions. We believe that the world will be in early July, 1920, virtually what it was in early July, 1914. We see no reason for believing that there will be a violent change.

If there be no violent change the world will go on about its processes in 1920 and 1930 much as it went three and four years ago. What reason has any one to say, suppose, or think that violent change will affect the course of human affairs? What reason has any one to think that the American nation is aloof and protected from the course of human events?

There is no reason and what the American nation needs is fortitude, courage, resolution, an idea of duty, a sense of obligation to the generation which controls and to the generations which are to come.

The yellow campaign of the Democratic party is trying to break down this resolution and fortitude, this higher idealism, and to substitute for idealism a concept of pork chops and slippers. A nation which devotes itself to the cowardice which the Democratic party in a yellow campaign of panic is preaching will lose not only its soul but its material prosperity.

The Lord hates a coward. The Democratic campaigners would make this a nation of cowards. The Democratic campaign at this moment is the Yellow Peril of the American people.

## VOTE FOR THE TAX AMENDMENT.

If Illinois had not developed beyond its condition of a century ago there would be no special reason for amending the ancient form of taxation. But Illinois has developed. The 1816 conditions have vanished from the fields of agriculture, of manufacture, of transportation, of education—from every field except taxation. It is now 1916 everywhere except with the tax assessors.

The question is not one of party. Both Mr. Lowden and Mr. Dunn favor the amendment which is submitted to the voters next month. In fact, their opponents in the primaries also favored the amendment. Every tax reform body and commercial organization and labor union, all who have given the matter consideration, favor the change.

It is unfair that real estate should pay 70 per cent of the total—more than it paid forty years ago. It is unfair because it is a penalty on the industrious, saving citizen, who strives to buy a little land and own his own house. Everywhere else this is encouraged, but in Illinois it is discouraged. Even the man who rents his home has to pay eventually. Rents are higher than they need be, because personal property taxes are not paid.

Every one knows that personal property should pay far more than 30 per cent of the tax. Every one knows that stocks and bonds held in Illinois far exceed in value the horses owned in Illinois, although the tax returns indicate quite the contrary. The trouble is that one can hide his stock certificates in a tin box. He cannot hide a horse, or a house, or a half acre lot. Illinois puts a premium on tax dodging. Other states follow a different method of taxation, which Illinois is trying to adopt.

There is a chance to remedy the situation on Nov. 7. The proposed amendment allows the classification of property and aims at eliminating the tax dodger. Every good citizen ought to vote for it. His mere failure to vote against it is not enough, for the amendment must win a majority of all votes cast at the election. It cannot be ignored.

Watch the small ballot. Vote for the tax amendment.

## TWO LABOR LEADERS.

When Mr. Gompers attempts to get the votes of union men for Wilson by misrepresenting the labor record of Hughes he is not serving the cause of labor. He is betraying it.

Of late years he has become more and more of a Democratic partisan and less and less of a representative of labor. His son has a good political job, and he himself has mixed deeply in the politics of the present administration. His tactics have become those of the partisan Democratic politicians and they have been unscrupulous. He has been giving a wholly distorted account of the Adamson law, trying to make union men swallow it as one thing when it was something else. He knows it is a wage raise for a small minority of union men, the highest paid in the country. He knows that if that wage raise sticks a good part of the cost eventually will come out of millions of union men and women and other workers who are not nearly as well paid.

But he is playing politics like any other political boss, and he expects to burn his followers for his own advantage.

His appeal to union men to vote for Wilson has now been challenged by a labor leader of a different stripe—John Williams of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters, who was commissioner of labor in New York during Hughes' term as governor and knows what sort of a man Hughes is.

John Williams, writing to John A. Metz of the carpenters' brotherhood of Chicago, one of the wisest and one of the squarest men among American labor leaders, exposes Gompers' "deliberate misrepresentation" of Hughes' record.

This TRIBUNE has shown what that record was. Hughes was called by another New York union leader, Mr. O'Hanlon, "the greatest friend of labor laws that ever sat in the governor's chair at Albany."

Gompers wants to suppress all that. He is afraid that if union men remember it they may not vote for his candidate, and his own political pull will be considerably damaged.

And why should union men vote for Mr. Gompers' candidate without considering their own interests? Wilson has aided the passage of laws favored by union labor. So has Hughes. Gompers wants Hughes' labor laws and labor decisions to be forgotten. If labor is looking out for its own interests and not Gompers' interests it will remember Hughes' labor laws and labor decisions and take them into account before it flocks like sheep after Gompers.

If the Adamson law sticks it will give more pay to about the highest paid labor in the country.

It will not give a cent to any other labor. A good part of it will come out of the pockets of other labor which is lower paid and weaker in every respect than the men Wilson and Gompers have helped.

Gompers talks about the eight hour law. He knows it is not an eight hour law. It will not shorten any man's hours of labor, even the railroad men's.

What it will do is to block raises of pay for every employee of the railroads who is not in the brotherhoods. Why should the station agents, the trackmen, the clerks, and other 80 per cent of railroad men vote for Mr. Wilson because he has got a favored high paid minority more money at the expense of them?

The autocracy of labor won a money victory at the expense of the democracy of labor. Wilson and Gompers represented the former, not the latter.

Will the million of wage earners thank them for that? Not unless they swallow the false reports of Hughes' record put out by the politicians. Not unless they like to pay the high wages of a powerful minority made higher at their expense.

## THANK GOD FOR CARRANZA.

He kept us out of Mexico.

## Editorial of the Day

## DANGER TO THE REPUBLIC.

(From the Minneapolis Journal)

Is the law of force to supersede the law of justice in the settlement of industrial disputes in this country?

Are the American people ready to permit lynch law to make the decision, instead of the orderly law of arbitration?

Are we ready to concede that the victory in every industrial war shall go to the stronger side, no matter what justice lies?

The railway brotherhoods say, "We cannot arbitrate on a matter of principle; besides, we get the worst of it in arbitration." Then, holding a gun to the head of congress, they force a decision in their favor. The street railway companies in New York say, "We cannot arbitrate; we shall break the strike without it." And New York walks, while they fight it out.

Arbitration, being human, is not a perfect instrument. Neither are the courts. But a citizen submits his case to the courts; if beaten, he accepts the decision as becomes a good citizen, knowing that, in the average, justice is done. Why should employers in the mass, or employers in the mass, do otherwise? Why should they have the privilege of enforcing their demands by violence or by threat?

The American people may well stand appalled at the betrayal by congress, while under duress, of a fundamental principle of the republic. It does not matter whether the brotherhoods' demands were right or wrong; what does matter is that they were obtained by threat of widespread disaster to the public. Those demands should have been submitted in an orderly and law abiding spirit to a fairly constituted tribunal of arbitration.

Danger to the republic lurks in such betrayals. They are the first signs of decay. Are the American people watchful enough and clear sighted enough to extricate them?

The question is not one of party. Both Mr. Lowden and Mr. Dunn favor the amendment which is submitted to the voters next month. In fact, their opponents in the primaries also favored the amendment. Every tax reform body and commercial organization and labor union, all who have given the matter consideration, favor the change.

It is unfair that real estate should pay 70 per

## A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

Motto: How to the Line, let the quips fall where they may.

EVERYBODY KNOWS.  
Everybody knows that I have a heart  
Not for gaity,  
And yet I write only sad songs—  
What is the reason?  
And why does Carl Sandburg  
Write about the unhappy rich,  
While Mary Aldis and Amy Lowell  
Love to get down to the very dregs  
Of the poor?

AUDREY.

MR. BURBANK, the w. k. Luther, pronounces the incumbent "the greatest President this country has ever known." Mr. Burbank has crossed and denatured so many species that he has naturally lost sympathy with spiny originals.

Mr. Wimp is the S. C.

Sir: If your Mr. Jet Wimp is the courteous gentleman I take him to be, he will scrouge over a bit to make room for Messrs. Ras Spuffy and Court Babb of Decatur, Tex. J. E. R.

THE ACCUSATION leveled against Dr. Münsterberg, that he is "a high class German spy," is manifestly absurd. High class he is, and German, but as a spy he couldn't earn twelve marks a week.

AN ARTIST.

(From the Idaho Springs, Colo., Citizen.)  
To avoid any misunderstanding, I wish to state that I can make a suit to fit any man or woman if they stand naturally. But if you wish to have a suit, as Louis Brans stated in court, to fit not matter how you stand, I cannot make it.

J. M. JOHNSON.

GREATNESS includes the likelihood of being misunderstood. Nevertheless, Mr. Wilson impresses us as the greatest gallery player, with one exception, that ever occupied the office of president.

THEY TAKE NO CHANCES NOWADAYS.

(From the Orillia, Ontario, Packet.)

Twenty years ago Mr. Frank Toogood and his men did the glazing in the Orillia opera house, now rebuilding, and they are at present engaged in the work of restoration, which involves considerable cutting out of broken glass and old putty almost as hard as the glass itself. Mr. Toogood begins to feel that if he had known what a job in 1896 he was laying the foundation for 1898 he would have been inclined to spread the putty thin.

"WAS IN FOUR WARS: Weds Fifth Time."—Des Moines Register.

A gourmand for scrapping.

AUTUMN IN THE MEDICINE BOWS.

At dusky down the coyotes cry,

The creek and moan of mountain pines,

The wind arum from heights near-by,

Where the first shaft of sunlight shines—

This morning.

Saucy squirrels in cacheing rows,

Scolding o'er their hidden store;

Sunshine flickering through the boughs,

In patchwork on the forest floor—

This morning.

JUNIPER berries turning blue;

Ground grape-flaming trails of red;

Cafon gentian's heavenly hue;

Pine cones falling over head—

This morning.

AIR WITH HINT OF SNOW ASTIR:

Sky above so blue and clear;

Fragrance of the spruce and fir;

All make you glad to be just here—

This morning.

M. L. P.

Gramm, Wyoming.

AT THIS TIME OF YEAR THERE IS A NEWS VALUE IN THE FACT THAT RALPH ROUGH PLAYS ON THE FOOTBALL TEAM IN CONSTANTINE, MICH.

THE PROPHETIC BARD.

(William Watson, 1855.)

So we must palter, falter, cringe, and shrink, And when the bully threatens, crouch or fly.

There are who tell me with a shuddering eye That war's red cup is Satan's chosen drink.

Who shall gainsay them? Verily I do think War is as hateful almost, and well nigh

As ghastly as this terrible Peace whereby We hate forever on the crater's brink

And feed the wind with phrases, while we know There gapes at hand the infernal precipice

O'er which a gossamer bridge of words we throw.

Yet cannot choose but hear from the abyss The sulphurous gloom's unfathomable hiss

And simmering lava's subterranean flow.

"NO POLITICAL EXPEDIENT," says Mr. Taft, "will prevent Mr. Hughes from hewing to the line." Let the quips, Mr. Taft being one, fall where they may.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

Sir: I like the sign on the Joliet High school grounds, "Please stay on the walks"; but I prefer that at the plant of the Joliet Oil Tractor company, "Give the grass a chance."

W. S. SOCIETY IN COLUMBUS, N. M.: "Special notice to ladies—This ball is a social ball, and will be conducted under a strictly moral and up-to-date plan. All undesirables are requested to stay away."

WHY STEVENSON SHOULD BE RE-ELECTED.

(By a colored Methodist pastor of wide standing [Springfield].)

## WOMEN'S PARTY TO TRAIL BRYAN ON ILLINOIS TRIP

Feminine Orators Will Hold  
Street Meetings to Offset  
Nebraskan's Pleas.

### NUTSHELL POLITICS

Jottings on National, State and Local Candidates and Events.

Editor of The Tribune: Please advise me through your columns how many votes William A. Cunnas, Socialist candidate for state's attorney, received in 1912 and 1914.

J. W. MORAN, 1221 Union avenue.

Answer: The official returns show: Macay Hoyne, 122,419; Lewis Hiniker, 113,181; William A. Cunnas, 107,847.

A poll made Saturday on the east-bound Santa Fe California limited showed: Hughes, \$2; Wilson, 17; not voting, 4.

Charles W. Fairbanks was in Chicago yesterday for a few hours, on his way to Racine, where he spoke last night.

Republican national headquarters had three confidential reports yesterday from Illinois that Bryan will be trailed by a squad of women speakers representing the Woman's party. For every argument Mr. Bryan will make in behalf of the Democratic party and the president the women will have counter arguments they propose to make at street meetings outside the halls where the Nebraskan is speaking.

This announcement was made last night from the Woman's party headquarters by Mrs. J. A. H. Hopkins of Morristown, N. J., who arrived in Chicago yesterday to take charge of the speakers bureau.

#### Republican Chiefs Pleased.

Republican managers looking after the woman's vote in Illinois received cheering reports yesterday of the progress of the organization work downstate.

Practically all downstate counties now have direct representatives of the national and state committees working in them, and the general plan of building up a woman's election day committee in each voting precinct has been followed with an unexpected degree of success, Republican leaders say.

#### Sterling Confident of Women.

"There is no question now about the woman's vote in Illinois," said Charles E. Sterling said. "It is a perfectly safe prediction, judging from reports we received, that 60 per cent of the woman's vote will be for Hughes. In some counties where careful precinct polls of the women have been made the Hughes percentage will be as high as 75. The net Hughes majority in Illinois will be in excess of 200,000, and is going higher every day."

#### Former Printer Under Arrest.

Bert G. Olson, a former printer, sought by a federal grand jury to indict him in connection with the Boston Committee game, was arrested in Buffalo yesterday. A warrant for his arrest and that of his brother, Carl, was obtained by the Circuit Court Clerk John W. Rainey got the big end of a straw vote taken last night at the annual entertainment of the Celtic societies. Of the 574 votes cast Rainey received 472 and Miller 102. Hoyne, for state's attorney, got 342; Cunnas, 109, and Miller, 63.

#### Senator James Hamilton Lewis sent a telegram to Col. Roosevelt at Phoenix denying that he had said in the senate that President Wilson was on the verge of recognizing Villa as head of the Mexican government.

The barbers' state board of examiners, appointed by Gov. Dunn, sent out a strong endorsement of the governor and his administration.



You can't write Omaromar without writing aroma. You can't smoke Omar without smoking aroma.

Never before has there been so individual a blend of rich Turkish leaves with ripe accentuating leaves.

Never before have you found such varied aroma-tones blended into one happy cigarette.

Omar—the perfect Turkish blend. Even the words blend.

20  
for  
15 Cents



## YOUNG ORATOR'S PLEA FOR HUGHES STIRS TO TEARS

### Amateur Politician Analyzes Campaign Issues on Basis of U. S. Honor.

(Special dispatch to "The Tribune" from Truman H. Newberry, former secretary of the navy.)

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., Oct. 23.—(To The Tribune, Chicago.)—I presided over a political meeting here tonight and heard the finest political speech I ever listened to. The Negroes in the gallery became hysterical, women in the audience wept, the men yelled themselves hoarse.

The speech was delivered by Larry Parin of New York, a young sporting man and amateur politician. Mr. Parin told the boisterous audience that the people of this country in regard to the presidential election was largely due to the fact that the basic differences in character and basic policies which the two candidates stood for had not been placed before the people in a calm and clear manner.

As to Adamson Law.

In regard to the Adamson law, Mr. Perin said, no one questioned that eight hours' work, eight hours' play, and eight hours' sleep was the proper division of a day. He said the substantial justice of the brotherhoods' demands was recognized by all, but just as Mr. Hughes had thundered through the country, "no legislation without investigation," that it would be preferable to live under the absolute dominion of the sultan of Sulu.

Seventh Congressional District Hughes alliance meetings are announced as follows: Today, home of Mrs. H. A. Haarstad, 401 North Springfield avenue; tomorrow, home of Mrs. H. G. Blankenhagen, 2833 Dawson avenue; Friday, 3232 Windsor avenue. All at 2:30 p. m.

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60 Neal Institutes in Principal Cities

### THE "NEAL WAY" FOR DRINKING MEN

Removes CAUSE OF nervousness, changes desire and "craving" into a loathing for liquor in three days and soon restores normal appetites. Neal Institutes are used in moderate cases or in any case at the head NEAL INSTITUTE, No. 811-T East 49th St., Chicago. Call, write, wire or phone Oakland 439 for full information.

60 Neal Institutes in Principal Cities

to existing under a government which yields to the emotion, fear.

The speaker said further, that it was the first time in the history of the United States that force law had found a lodgment in Washington.

Hughes' Foreign Policies.

In regard to Mexico he said the only thing Mr. Hughes wanted of Mexico was to deprive her of her power of doing harm; that the only thing Mr. Hughes wanted of Germany was that she should hold the life of an American as sacred as she holds the life of her own kaiser; that the only thing Mr. Hughes wanted of England was that she should respect an American postage stamp as she respects the character of George Washington, whose picture is on that stamp.

In regard to the American navy he said:

"I accuse, I indict, I condemn the politician Daniels for having harbored the efficiency of our battleships for a mass of political potage."

Nation's Honor Surrendered.

In regard to the national honor he said:

"Let us recognize that at this moment American honor lies prone in the dust, struck down by a cowardly politi-

cian policy; let us admit that American patriotism, a thing which should be as pure as the prayer of a child, has become tainted and soiled; that the men who should have sobered a nation drunk with gold have been intoxicated with the hope of votes."

In regard to Mr. Wilson, Mr. Perin said that perhaps he had been influenced by the persuasive powers of his associates, but that he would never change those associates, for to the automatic schoolmaster the ideal pupil was always the cringing pupil. He went on to say that perhaps had the president been influenced by some of the steadier, nobler men in the Democratic party, he would today occupy a warmer corner in the hearts of his countrymen.

Urge Votes for Hughes.

In regard to the 7th of November Mr. Perin said:

"Let us all who have done so much in our lives for self and so much for party go to the polls on Nov. 7 and for the country's sake vote for Charles E. Hughes."

Mr. Perin had the following to say regarding Secretary of War Baker:

"I know not if the angels weep, but

### POLITICAL NOTES BY WIRE

MANSFIELD, O.—William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, in a speech here declared that both Mr. Hughes and Co. Roosevelt have admitted that had either been president at the time the Louisiana was sunk, each would have taken a course of action which would have been similar between the United States and Germany.

"I know not if Washington's spirit continues the benign influence which has been our inspiration for a hundred years, but, men of America, I know that that noble spirit must be bowed in shame that a Jersey City audience could listen to such words and retain its dignity."

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Frank Hanly, the Prohibition party presidential candidate, turned his guns on President Wilson, declaring his "standpoint" on the liquor question unstriped the Aldriches, Commons, and Pennington in their blindest and most reactionary hours."

SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—The position of the Illinois Federation of Labor on the national political situation was officially stated by President John H. Dunn, who said that the adoption of Hughes would mean a greater calamity to common humanity in our country than was the civil war."

JOLIET, Ill.—Col. Frank O. Lowden told the visitors from Joliet who collected a portion of the \$46,000 collected in taxes and spent by Gov. Dunn's administration in excess of the expenditures of any Republican administration. He made charges of violations of the law in letting contracts for public works without advertising, bids of the substitution of new bids at higher figures after original bids were opened, and of enormous profits reaped by friendly contractors at public expense.

**WE place at your disposal the service of our Real Estate Loan Department, which furnishes first Mortgages on improved Chicago property, for investment in convenient amounts and bearing interest at 5½% and 6%.**

*Ful detailed information on request.*



*Service that makes friends and keeps them.*

\$1,000

# Reward

I will pay \$1,000 to any man, woman, child, detective or muckraker who can find a particle of oleomargarine, butterine, or any other substitute for REAL BUTTER being served in any of my 98 Pure Food Restaurants. I will pay \$1,000 to anybody who can find a particle of oleomargarine or butterine being used for cooking, baking, shortening or any other purpose under the sun in any of my bakeshops or restaurant kitchens—or who can find an ounce of oleomargarine or butterine being stored, handled or used in either my New York or Chicago Commissary.

If you wish to have butterine served on your table at home you have a perfect right to do so, and no one on earth can criticise you for it—but no restaurant, cafe or hotel proprietor has any business serving you butterine WHEN YOU THINK YOU'RE GETTING BUTTER. If they want to make extra profits that way, they ought to put a sign up and let you know it.

I could save \$100,000 every year by serving butterine instead of butter—and there's many a restaurant, many a gilded cafe and many a swell hotel making a proportionate saving by SERVING BUTTERINE TO ITS PATRONS EVERY DAY.

But I believe that when you eat in a public place you are entitled to know what you are getting—and that no one has any right to serve you with IMITATIONS, SUBSTITUTES OR NEAR-PURE FOODS UNDER ANY PRETEXT WHATSOEVER. When you eat in a Thompson Restaurant you get REAL BUTTER. You get pure milk and rich cream. You get eggs as sweet and good as were ever served at a farmer's breakfast table. You get choice meats and the finest pastries. You get the cleanest and purest food that has ever been served in public eating places since restaurants and cafes were first invented.

*John R. Thompson*

President John R. Thompson Co.

You can always tell a Pure Food Restaurant by this PURE FOOD SIGN—

*Thompson's*

Thompson owns and operates 98 Pure Food Restaurants in New York, Philadelphia, Newark, Hartford, Providence, Baltimore, Norfolk, Atlanta, Pittsburgh, Erie, Buffalo, Toronto, Cleveland, Detroit, Flint, Saginaw, Grand Rapids, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Terre Haute, St. Louis, Memphis, Chattanooga, New Orleans, Dallas, Houston, Kansas City, Minneapolis, Milwaukee, Springfield, Bloomington, Danville, Peoria, Quincy, Decatur, Aurora and Chicago.

## LABOR LAWYER SAYS 8 HOUR LAW IS A 'GOLD BRICK'

Hurls Bomb Shell Into Camp of Indiana Railway Men—Opposed by Farmers.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING,

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 23.—[Special.] The Adamson law, purporting to raise the wages of interstate train operating employees and to establish a "standard eight hour workday," is a "gold brick," according to an interpretation of its provisions in an opinion rendered by Milton C. Clawson, the leading attorney for organized labor in Indiana. Attorney Clawson's opinion holds:

"The Adamson act does not state the day's work shall be eight hours, but that it shall simply be a basis for reckoning compensation and that it shall be considered a standard day's labor. It further does not provide a penalty for any one who requires or permits service beyond the sixteen hour period."

"Under the Adamson act a man may work twenty-four hours. We have only one law which imposes a penalty for working more than sixteen hours, and that is the so-called hours of service act."

"Alarming over the discovery of the joker in the Adamson law is spreading through the ranks of the passenger train crews, striking them with fear and apprehension caused by the action of William B. Dorsey, 254 North Arsenal Avenue, Indianapolis, a Vandals railway engineer, who always has voted the Democratic ticket. He publicly announced, that he would vote for Hughes because of the president's part in the passage of the Adamson law.

That under the Adamson law a railway employee who completes his 100 mile run in five hours, for example, is entitled to receive only five-eighths of his present pay.

That under the Adamson law a railway employee must work at least eight hours to obtain his present pay.

That after the expiration of the investigation period the wages of railway employees will be subject to adjustment by negotiation between the railway companies and the unions.

**Opinion a Bomb Shell.**

In view of the relations of Attorney Clawson to the unions which he has represented in many notable wage and other industrial disputes his opinion has proved a bombshell in the ranks of organized labor in Indiana and adjoining states and in the camp of the Democratic leaders. It has been issued by the Locomotive Engineers and Conductors' Mutual Benefit Association of Detroit for the information of its members.

On the question of how long the employees are to receive ten hours' pay for eight hours' work the Clawson opinion says:

"The wage provided for in section 3 shall continue for a period not to exceed eleven months after the president has appointed his commission for investigation, and for a longer period.

"After the expiration of the thirty days beyond the report of the commission there is no standard rate of wage mentioned either in section 1 or section 3 of the act, and this law does not govern it."

**No Rate Provided.**

Railway employees making runs of 100 miles in less than ten hours are now paid on the mileage basis. Many passenger runs of 100 miles are made in five hours and the employees now receive ten hours' pay for five hours' work. On the effect of the Adamson law upon the wages of such employees the Clawson opinion says:

"If a trainman shall run 100 miles in five hours, and eight hours is the basis for reckoning his compensation, we are of the opinion that under the Adamson act at the maximum time of eleven months he will receive the same no rate of wage provided and it is wholly a matter of negotiation between the railroads and their employers; and we are of the opinion that within the eleven months as a maximum period the trainman who travels 100 miles in five hours will receive his proportionate part of the eight hour standard pay.

"It is true that Sec. 3 provides that the compensation for the standard eight hour day shall not be reduced below the present standard day's wage, but that simply means that if the man works the standard eight hour day his income or compensation or wage under the Adamson act for that eight hours shall not be reduced below the present standard day's wage.

**Gets but One-half.**

That is, if the trainman now works eight hours and gets a certain compensation under the Adamson act if he

works the eight hours he shall get not less than that compensation for a maximum period of eleven months, dating from the time the president appoints the commission of investigation, but if he does not complete the said eight hour day and his run yields him at present a certain amount of income or compensation the law does not state that he shall receive that compensation.

"If he works the standard eight hour day under the present standard pay; if he works one-half the present standard eight hour day he gets one-half the present standard wage scale."

Limited by Another Act.

That the Adamson law does not establish an eight hour day and that the work day is limited only by the sixteen hour service act is the opinion of Attorney Clawson, who says:

"The Adamson act does not state the day's work shall be eight hours, but that it shall simply be a basis for reckoning compensation and that it shall be considered a standard day's labor. It further does not provide a penalty for any one who requires or permits service beyond the sixteen hour period."

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Engineer Rebels.

"I have heard the so-called eight hour law," Mr. Dorsey said, "and I find that it will cut my wages in two. I will not vote for any man who does a job like that. I have been an engineer on the Vandals for forty-three years, and for the last thirty-five years I have had a passenger run. I finish my run between Indianapolis and Vincennes in four hours, and I get a full day's pay for it. But this new law will allow me only four hours' pay for four hours' work, and this will cut my pay in two. I have read the law and understand what it means. If all other railroad employees would read the law and understand its provisions they would find out just what it means."

The Republicans are working hard to regain the support of the workingmen attracted to Wilson by his professions of service to the cause of union labor. They are handicapped in Indiana, and Senator Watson is condemned by the Republican candidate for the short term's senatorship. Watson is condemned by organized labor because of his anti-labor record in congress and his relationship with the National Association of Manufacturers in fighting the Bonus bill, which were disclosed by the Mulligan scandal.

**Democratic Extravagance.**

If the Republican candidate is elected with largely because of the extravagance charged up to the Balaton administration, which Mr. Goodrich, the Republican candidate for governor, has been analyzing on the stump with telling effect. Congressman Adair, the Democratic candidate for governor, has been on the defensive from the start in this respect.

The Democrats now have eleven of the thirteen representatives in congress. The Republicans claim that they will make a gain of seven members. In the Terre Haute district Eugene V. Debs, long time a radical Socialist leader, is running for congress on the Socialist ticket. The reports from that district indicate that so many Democrats will vote for Debs that Congressman Moss, the Democratic candidate, probably will be defeated and Everett Sanders, the Republican candidate, elected.

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The number of the farmers, not only in Indiana, but throughout the north and west, was disclosed by the attitude of the Farmers' national congress which met here last week. The southern delegates defeated all these efforts and forced the adoption of resolutions which constitute a severe indictment of Wilson legislation and policies.

The congress urged the adoption of the Susan B. Anthony equal suffrage amendment to the constitution in accordance with "fundamental principles of human equality, real representative government, and economic justice."

## ALL CANDIDATES FOR PROSECUTOR TALK TO CLERGY

Three Rivals Appear on Same Platform in Nonpartisan Appeals to Ministers.

The three candidates for state's attorney—Maclay Hoyne, Harry B. Miller, and William A. Cunnea—appeared on the same platform yesterday. They had been invited by the Chicago Church Federation council to appear before it at the First Methodist church, Clark and Washington streets. Partisan politics was barred. Four hundred ministers were present and all three candidates discussed themselves without discussing each other.

The Rev. M. P. Boynton presided. The Rev. E. P. Bell of the Midnight mission made the prayer that preceded the speeches, and the Rev. William Barrett Mullard, secretary, announced the rules, which provided there must be no personalities and a twenty minute time limit on each speaker. Miller was first on the list, Cunnea second, and State's Attorney Shaffner.

Excerpts from the remarks of each follow:

**HARRY B. MILLER**

"When I entered this campaign I expected the support of the clergy and the good people because I knew I would not have the support of the bad people.

"In my primary campaign my opponents attempted to make capital out of the charge that Harry B. Miller had belonged to the Salvation Army, that he had prayed on the street corners of this city. I have no disposition to deny it.

"My mother is now an active member of the Salvation Army. If the people desire that on that account I shall stay at home and not enter the office of state's attorney, I will take defeat with a smile on my face and with conscience clear."

**WILLIAM A. CUNNEA**

"Years ago there was an ignorant impression that Socialists were dangerous persons and that there was something about free love in the Socialist propaganda. I want to tell you that I have but one wife. I am a simple flat, however, and have reared but one family—a family of eight, six boys and two girls.

"I am the only candidate running who is not backed by any vice element or the liquor interests. When they asked me four years ago about the segregation of vice I said: 'If it is necessary it is not an evil, and if it is evil it is not necessary. If, though, the segregated vice district is to remain, put it on the Lake Shore drive, so that the governess may take little Willie past it with safety.'

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do not put it against the hooves of the poor."

**MACLAY HOYNE**

"I agree with the last speaker: Let your intelligence decide the issue. In my four years I have enforced the law. I am a candidate in my record and I am here with an account of my stewardship. Having enforced the law, should you retire me for an untried man? Is that sense?"

"Convictions obtained in three and one-fourth years of my term compared with a similar period from Mr. Healy's term and Mr. Wayman's term show the following:

"Convictions under Healy, 11,135.

"Convictions under Wayman, 19,205.

"Convictions under Hoyne, 42,202."

**FINED ON GAMBLING CHARGE**

Charles Fredericks, alias "Specker," and Philip Smiley, proprietor of a barbershop at 306 West Madison street, were fined \$100 and \$25 respectively yesterday on charges of conducting a gambling place.

"BANKRUPT TRUST" CASES  
GO TO TRIAL TODAY.

Judge Wright to Hear Criminal Suits Against Ten Men—Allege Concealment of Assets.

Prosecution of what is said to be one of the largest bankrupt conspiracies ever indicated in this country will be begun this morning when ten men are arraigned before Judge Francis M. Wright in the federal district court. The principal count in the indictments charges the concealment of assets.

The principal defendants are:

"Abe Kreem, proprietor of a clothing store at 714 West Twelfth street.

"Sam Rosenthal, proprietor of a warehouse.

"Louis Mandel.

"Benjamin Shaffner, an attorney.

It is charged that all of Kreem's three bankruptcies were planned before-hand. In each case he was represented by Attorney Shaffner. The bankrupt stocks are said to have been concealed in Rosenthal's warehouse.



Nujol For Constipation

## AS CLEAR AS CRYSTAL

Hold a bottle of Nujol up to the light. Its crystal transparency is without a flaw. Every trace of impurity, every vestige of color or "bloom" has been removed by varied and many times repeated processes of refining.

All druggists carry Nujol which is manufactured only by the Standard Oil Company (New Jersey). Avoid substitutes. Write today for booklet "The Rational Treatment of Constipation."

STANDARD OIL COMPANY  
(New Jersey)  
Bayonne New Jersey

A table water  
with taste, tang  
and sparkle—cor-  
rective in all  
gouty conditions.

15 grains of Lithia Salts  
to the gallon.

Sold everywhere in splits,  
pints and quarts.

Don't accept ordinary waters.

Insist on genuine



WISE CHICAGO WOMEN

read THE TRIBUNE every morning not only for its news but also for its advertisements, many of which are found ONLY IN THE TRIBUNE

## Wilson on Labor

"I am a fierce partisan of the open shop."

Woodrow Wilson. (1909.)

"The class formed by the labor organizations and leaders is a formidable enemy to equality and betterment of opportunity."

Woodrow Wilson. (1907.)

"Labor unions drag the highest man to the level of the lowest."

Woodrow Wilson. (1905.)

"The usual standard of the laborer in our day is to give as little as he may for his wages."

Woodrow Wilson. (1909.)

These are the convictions of a Presidential candidate when he was NOT in public life—when he was NOT running for office—when he was NOT looking for votes.

They are the expressions of a scholar, the teacher of political economy, the writer of text-books and histories.

Not the hasty, ill-considered opinions of an undergraduate, but the deliberate reasoning of a seasoned mind—of a university head.

These are the views that Woodrow Wilson held when he was preparing thousands of young men for their administrative responsibilities, forming their judgment upon the relations between employer and employee, fulfilling his function of interpreter and advisor toward countless students who have since engaged in business for themselves, become executive heads in vast organizations or teachers in turn for another generation of future employers of labor.

These are the opinions which he held when he did not expect to hold office, when it did not advantage him to express any other opinions.

Woodrow Wilson did not claim to become a friend in need to labor until he had need of labor's friendship for his re-election.

Because this course is typical of the man—because it is impossible to know what he really believes or how long he will continue to believe anything he claims to believe—because he is inconsistent and indecisive—we oppose his re-election.

## Hughes on Labor

"There are some who regard organized labor as a source of strife and menace of difficulty; I regard it as a fine opportunity for the improving of the conditions of the workingman."

Charles E. Hughes. (1908.)

"The mission of labor organizations is one of the finest that any organization of men could guard."

Charles E. Hughes. (1908.)

"He was the greatest friend of labor laws that ever occupied the governor's chair. He signed fifty-six labor laws [one third of all passed in the state since 1777], among them many of the best ever enacted in this or any other state. He urged the enactment of labor laws in his message to the legislature, even going so far as to demand a labor law at an extra session. Human rights has a steadfast and sympathetic upholder in the new justice."

N. Y. Legislative Labor News. (1910.)

These are not new opinions from the Republican candidate nor a recent estimate concerning him.

Hughes recorded his stand on labor NOT when a candidate for office, but as a governor of New York soon to retire from political life to become a Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, where he expected to remain for the rest of his life.

They were the convictions of Charles E. Hughes on the eve of joining the highest tribunal in America, a court of last resort—at a time and in a situation when no possible advantage could accrue to him from any public expression.

No estimate of his fitness to fill the office of President with firmness, fairness, and justice can be stronger than the above comment from a review of his career as governor by the organ of the New York State Federation of Labor.





DAUGHTER:  
Addie.NES TAKE  
IGHT FROM  
ON QUINTET

# GOPHERS AND BADGERS FACE TESTS SATURDAY

Tackle Iowa and Maroons  
in Feature Contests of  
Big Nine Schedules.

## HARVARD VS. CORNELL

BY WALTER H. ECKERSALL.  
With Minnesota and Wisconsin, two  
undefeated western conference eleven,  
meeting Iowa and Chicago, respectively,  
on their own gridirons, and Cornell  
going battle to Harvard in the Crimson  
stadium in the feature contests of next  
Saturday's struggles, a line on the  
strength of the teams in both sections  
of the country, especially in the west,  
will be determined.

The teams have completed the preliminary  
stages of training and have mastered  
the plays to be used in these contests.  
The battles should be featured by the hardest kind of playing. Each  
will play all the time he can and will be  
driven to win, because a defeat will re-  
sult either in elimination from the  
championship race or a lower standing  
in the rating at the close of the season.

**Gopher-Iowa Game Feature.**

In the west interest will center around  
the clash between the Gophers and the  
Hawkeyes at Minneapolis. Both teams  
have won all their games this season in  
decisive fashion and are said to be  
strongly equal. Iowa defeated  
Purdue last Saturday in the only Big  
Ten game it has played. Minnesota  
has not met a conference eleven.

That Minnesota is represented by a strong  
and powerful aggregation is shown by the large scores it has piled  
up. The team has played consistent  
football and has shown improvement  
with the playing of every game. The  
team is composed of heavy, fast play-  
ers who execute formations permitted  
by the new rules with accuracy and  
efficiency. Well known football official  
and critics who have seen the team in  
action assert it will win the conference  
championship easily and would be a  
contender for any team in the country.

**Iowa Also Looks Strong.**

Iowa plays a good game of football  
last Saturday against Purdue. Under  
the tutelage of H. J. Harlan, former Yale  
player, the Hawkeyes showed a fine  
of game which brought the western  
conference to Iowa last Saturday.  
Whether Iowa can stop the  
Maroons' onslaughts and open game of the  
Gophers remains to be seen, but the  
Hawkeyes can be depended upon to bat-  
tle for every inch of ground.

The Follett of Chicago by Northwest-  
ern has taken the edge of the clash be-  
tween the Maroons and Badgers at Madison.  
Although little is known of the offen-  
sive and defensive strength of Wis-  
consin, the poor record of Chicago  
against Northern bodies favors the  
Mariners. That Coach Starr can re-  
organize his team to beat the Badgers  
does not seem possible, but the Midway  
ruler probably will do all in his power  
to send a better team on the field than he  
did at the Purple.

**Badger Alumni Confident.**

Coach Stagg locked his players up  
on Stagg field yesterday and sent them  
through the hardest Monday drill in  
the memory of any player on the team.  
He refused to be satisfied and took  
the players off to a corner of the field,  
where the gymnasium and con-  
crete walls shut them off from view,  
and started to build up an offense.

The men came out of the disappointing  
battle with Northwestern in good  
condition and were able to get into the  
workout without any lameness. Gor-  
don, Schafer, and Norgren, the crip-  
pled backs, who were rushed into the  
last quarter, in an effort to avert de-  
feat, did not suffer any additional  
bumps. Little Bobbie Cahn was out  
in a split again, feeling better than at  
any time since he ripped a ligament in  
the Carleton game, and may be ready  
to get into the fray against the Badgers  
at Madison Saturday.

**Offense Lacks Steam.**

The Maroons used all the plays which  
they had been taught against the Purple  
team, and showed plainly that the off-  
ense had within the last few days  
failed to take care of a corner of the  
field.

If the only reverend speaker of  
the day was given a chance to talk he  
said the cheering was so noisy as to  
remind him of "a man with a wooden  
leg having a fit on a tin roof."

**Players Given Rest.**

The regulars were given a well de-  
served rest yesterday. They were or-  
dered to do only light work, and after  
kicking and catching the ball for half  
an hour were sent to training quarters.

The second team engaged in a scrim-  
mage with the freshmen and at the end  
of twenty minutes the scrubs had scored  
three touchdowns.

The prediction on the Chicago-North-  
western game was 26 to 0 in Chicago's  
favor. I have forgotten the result.

**LOYOLA TO PLAY  
KEEWATIN HERE**

**ONE ARMED MAN GRID STAR**

**ST. LOUIS CIVILIAN WINS  
INDIVIDUAL RIFLE HONORS.**

**HARMONY & A PIPE BLEND**

**PLATTSBURG MADE  
WITH THE OVAL BUTTON-HOLE  
AND NEW REINFORCED EDGE.**

**W. G. NEIMAYER, General Agent**

**15 West Jackson Blvd., Chicago**



5

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ver any-  
sell for  
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nothing

WHAT THEY STAND FOR:  
C. Q. D. (Can't Quit Drinking.)

# Bread Is the Staff of Life, B. P. the Club

## LIGHT OCCUPATIONS



## UNCLE SAM NABS COACH OF PURPLE FOR BORDER DUTY

BY EVAN STONE.

Although students and alumni of Northwestern university continued yesterday to celebrate the Pur's victory over Chicago, there was cause for gloom. An announcement that Lane Coach McDevitt had been recalled to service on the border was responsible for the depression. McDevitt left yesterday.

McDevitt obtained a leave of absence to help Coach Murphy develop this year's eleven, and his sudden recall to service is considered a severe blow to the team. McDevitt is a captain in the Minnesota national guard. Efforts will be made at once to secure another coach.

"We have been keeping the wires between here and 'Washington hot,'" said Coach Murphy last night. "And I am confident we will be able to get him back shortly."

**Cheers Halt Speeches.**

In chapel yesterday the Rev. J. M. Stuffer was bidden to speak, out somebody started things—here he got a chance by beginning nine rags for the team. Before things quieted down all the yell and songs had been run through, President Holgate had requested the assembled throng to count the Purple score in unison. Prof. Hatfield of the German department had sung "It's a Long, Long Way to Tipperary" and Capt. Driscoll amid much noise of hand-clapping, foot-stamping, whistling, and yelling had been carried to the platform, still clutching his school books. Patti averred that too much credit had been given to one man, at which the students yelled some more.

When finally the reverend speaker of the day was given a chance to talk he said the cheering was so noisy as to remind him of "a man with a wooden leg having a fit on a tin roof."

**Nothing doing," said Eddie.**

His vacation has been extended six weeks and he is spending it in Mercy hospital.

**PLAYERS GIVEN REST.**

The regulars were given a well deserved rest yesterday. They were ordered to do only light work, and after kicking and catching the ball for half an hour were sent to training quarters.

The second team engaged in a scrimmage with the freshmen and at the end of twenty minutes the scrubs had scored three touchdowns.

The prediction on the Chicago-Northwestern game was 26 to 0 in Chicago's favor. I have forgotten the result.

**LOYOLA TO PLAY  
KEEWATIN HERE**

**WANT GRID GAMES**

**SHERIDAN & CO. AND LAKEWOOD & CO. HAVE**

**OPENED GRIDIRON GAMES AT THEIR VARIOUS**

**LOCATIONS.**

**THE FAIR OAKS WOULD LIKE TO PLAY AN AFTERNOON GAME AT 2:30 P.M.**

**ASK ROBERT WILKINSON BEFORE 6 O'CLOCK,**

**EVERTON.**

**THE FAIR OAKS ATHLETIC CLUB OF EVANSTON WANTS**

**TO PLAY GAMES WITH FOOTBALL TEAMS AVERAGING**

**180 POUNDS PER TEAM.**

**WRITE A. MACNAUL, 883**

**PLYMOUTH AVENUE.**

**THE FAIR OAKS WILL HOLD FOOTBALL GAMES FOR SATUR-**

**DAY AFTERNOONS AT RACINE AND ROCHESTER WITH**

**100 TO 115 POUNDS EACH.**

**PHONE 2-6766 OR 6-7000 BETWEEN 6 AND 7 P.M.**

**ASK H. T. HAMMOND BEFORE 6 P.M.**

**THE FAIR OAKS WILL BE OPEN ON SATURDAYS**

**FROM 2 TO 6 P.M.**

**ASK H. T. HAMMOND BEFORE 6 P.M.**

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# Society and Entertainments

## Happenings in the Smart Set.

Mr. HENRY DIBBLEE of 1100 Lake Shore drive has gone out to Lake Forest to spend a week or so with his daughter, Mrs. A. A. Sprague Jr., before Mrs. Sprague leaves her summer place and returns to her home at 1130 Lake Shore drive. Both Mrs. Sprague and Mrs. Dibblee came to the city yesterday for a few hours of shopping.

Mrs. Howard H. Spaulding Jr. of 221 East Walton place will give a young people's tea-dance on the afternoon of Nov. 16 in the crystal ballroom of the Blackstone.

Mrs. George Meeker of 1431 Astor street will return from the east on Friday. Mrs. Lawrence Meeker is visiting her parents in Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. William Ashley Magie and the Misses Magie are stopping at the South Shore Club after a trip through the Berkshires by auto. They plan to leave for California early in November for the winter.

Mrs. James T. Harahan will give a dinner-dance on Thursday evening, Dec. 12, for debutantes, Miss Lolita Armour and Miss Ermyns Carry. Mrs. Harahan has taken an apartment at 100 Lake Shore drive and will give her entertainment there.

Mrs. D. Mark Cummings of 1580 North State street will open her home for the annual bridge party given by the social service committee of the Children's Memorial hospital at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of Nov. 18. Mrs. George Hallock Taylor is chairman of the committee.

Mrs. Washington Porter of 4043 Lake Park avenue, with her son and daughter, Washington Porter Jr. and Mrs. John Clay Muirhead, will leave today for a fortnight at White Sulphur Springs, Va.

Mrs. and Mrs. John H. Wood have closed their summer home, Myrtlewood, at Flossmoor and are at French Creek Springs until Nov. 1.

The second of the series of Wagnerian lecture-musicals inaugurated by the Chicago Opera association for its box-holders will take place at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon in the Aeolian studios in the Fine Arts building. Mr. and Mrs. Marx Oberndorfer will give "Das Rheingold" and "Die Walküre."

Among those who have taken tickets for this lecture-musical are: Mr. and Mrs. John J. Mitchell, Mrs. Charles A. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. Frank G. Logan, Frederick T. Haskell, and Mr. and Mrs. Howard Spaulding Jr., Clayton Hall; Mr. and Mrs. Robert V. Thomas, Dr. Rudolph Mann, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Hinde, Mrs. Frank C. Letts, Mrs. Stanley Field, Mrs. Chauncey Kepp, Mrs. Malcolm Cartwright, Mrs. Malek Loring, and Mrs. William R. Linn.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Borden of New Orleans, who have been spending the last few weeks in Chicago, yesterday left for New York, where their daughter, Madith, will enter school at Ferrytown.

**Present Club Reminiscences.**

Reminiscences of the recent biennial of women's clubs were presented at the monthly meeting of the Chicago Culture club in the Hotel La Salle yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Andrew P. Coon, Mrs. Claude E. Davis, Mrs. Arthur Root, and Miss Ida Clarke.

**Lawndale Civic Center.**

The first social and dance of the season of the Lawndale Civic center will be held tomorrow evening at the Douglas Park auditorium.

## BRIGHT SAYINGS of the CHILDREN

"The Tribune" will pay \$1 for each article you print. The only condition is that it must not have been printed in any magazine or paper. Write on one side of the paper only. Please enclose a self-addressed envelope containing your contribution. Address bright sayings to Aunt Bee "Tribune" Chicago.

**Judge John R. Newcomer** praised the man who had reached the zenith of his calling, "provided," he said, "he did so without having climbed over the backs of his friends."

Judge Joseph P. Mahoney spoke of the proposed home for homeless boys which the "Big Brotherhood movement" is fostering.

Samuel F. Thrasher, chairman of the Committee of Fifteen, the last speaker, said that he was instrumental in obtaining the induction of Chief of Police Henley, but said that he was "after two police captains of a certain district."

"There is an awful situation here in Chicago of collusion," he said, "collusion between police and honest citizens and an indifferent public, all of which contributed to local conditions of vice."

It was a harvest home dinner of pumpkins, pies, home made cider, red apples, and corncockles' p'ses and was presided over by F. M. Hallenbeck, president of the circle.

**Methodist Ministers Elect.**

At a meeting of the Chicago Methodist ministers yesterday the following officers were elected for the year 1916-17: President, T. K. Gale, pastor of Wilmette Methodist Episcopal church.

Vice-president—H. C. Loepert, representing German divisions; C. W. Schlueter, representing Norwegian divisions; William Swenson, representing Swedish divisions; J. W. Robinson, representing Canadian divisions; John N. Hall, representing American divisions.

Secretary-treasurer—William C. Geddes, pastor of South Englewood Methodist Episcopal church.

Chorister—Charles A. Gage, pastor of Olivet Methodist Episcopal church.

Pianist—Albertus Perry, pastor of Park Ridge Methodist Episcopal church.

**Exhibit Work of Blind.**

Unique designs in fancy work, all the more remarkable because made by women totally blind, will be exhibited at the annual bazaar to be held at the Illinois Industrial Home for the Blind, 1000 Marshall, Saturday, October 29, and Sunday, Oct. 30. William Schutze announced yesterday. Bars of corn woven in yarn, crocheted leaves of trees, and various lacework sets will be included in the exhibits.

T. L. H.

Big sister was going to have a few of her school friends in for the evening, and little brother, whose regular bed-time is 7:30 o'clock, invariably, was anxious to meet them. During the day he tried all sorts of blandishments upon his mother, who seemed obstinate. Being an affectionate and persistent little fellow, he usually won his way to what he wanted. This time, however, all things seemed to fail, and he was disengaged. After a little meditation, he brightened up, ran to his mother, and said: "Mother, the reason why I want to stay up tonight is to let those people really see there are some children in this house."

F. J. S.

Two little sisters, Gertrude and Betty, were asking questions. Gertrude said, "Papa, what are twins?" Before the other could answer, little Betty spoke up: "Why, Gertrude, don't you know? They are babies that belong to the same parents!"

E. L. B.



Mrs. John S. Holmes

MRS. JOHN S. HOLMES of 425 Briar place will be one of the hostesses at the large benefit card party to be given by the Bonnie Home association on Thursday afternoon at the Edgewater Beach hotel.

## Want's Billiards a Church Adjunct.

ILLIARD, bowling, and card rooms and dancing were advocated as necessary adjuncts to all churches as a means of holding the young people of the church entirely within the church by the Rev. Arthur J. Francis in discussing the boy and girl problem at a dinner of the Business Circle of Chicago at the Hotel La Salle last night.

He recently resigned from the pastorate of the Pilgrim Congregational church to become secretary of the recently organized Chicago Community Trust, an organization of wealthy men of Chicago for philanthropic, charitable, and research purposes.

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**Lawndale Civic Center.**

The first social and dance of the season of the Lawndale Civic center will be held tomorrow evening at the Douglas Park auditorium.

## Engagements.

Mrs. Harry F. Starr of 4227 Forestville avenue announces the engagement of her daughter, Edna Ruth, to Julius C. Newman of Chicago.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Mary Livingston, daughter of Mrs. and Mrs. Max Livingston of 3020 Grand boulevard, to Cheri Freund, son of Mrs. R. S. Freund, 5014 Grand boulevard.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Thorsen of Kenilworth, formerly of Chicago, announce the engagement of their daughter, Alice, to H. Vincent Taylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Taylor Jr., also of Kenilworth.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Kinsella of 5520 Green street announce the engagement of their daughter, Katherine Florence, to Robert Robinson Gomersall, son of Mrs. E. Gomersall of Cincinnati, O.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Turnbull Letts of Woodlawn announce the engagement of their daughter, Vivian Mervial, to William Thurn Talman of 1611 Linwood boulevard, Kansas City.

Mrs. Felix F. Schmitt of 1022 East Forty-sixth street announces the engagement of her daughter, Adeline Felix, to John Spicer Burns, son of Mrs. M. E. Burns of 505 Drake Square boulevard. The wedding will take place in December.

Mr. and Mrs. James O. Cliford of Wheaton announce the engagement of their daughter, Alice, to Harvey Van Zandt Higley of St. Louis, son of Dr. and Mrs. E. T. Higley of Glen Ellyn.

Dr. and Mrs. H. H. Latimer will announce the engagement of their daughter, Olive Peeler, to Charles Herbert Bickford at a reception to be given at their residence, 2728 Haddon avenue, this evening. Mr. Bickford is the son of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Bickford of 4739 Drake avenue, formerly of Boston, Mass. No date has been set for the wedding.

## Weddings.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Elizabeth Wells, daughter of Mrs. Moses D. Wells, to Lieut. Tracy Lay McCauley, U. S. N., son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCauley of Highland Park, on Saturday afternoon, Nov. 11, at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Howard Van Doren Shaw of 1130 Lake Shore drive. Only relatives and intimate friends will be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Gay of 1340 North Dearborn street announce the marriage of their daughter, Anne Irvin, to Ernest Stanley Hodges, son of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Allen Hodges of Cincinnati, O., at St. Peter's Episcopal church, last Saturday.

The ceremony was private, the only attendant being Miss Avia Gray, sister of the bride, and Robert McCormick Adams. Mr. and Mrs. Hodges will make their home at the Plaza.

Mrs. M. Blake announces the marriage of her daughter, Katherine Veronice to Ted Martin Maloney. After Nov. 15, Mr. and Mrs. Maloney will be at home at 732 Yates avenue.

\* \* \*

## All Parks to Have Library Branches.

Plans for the establishment of branches of the public library in all parks of the city and in all future public school buildings, recommended by a special committee of the public library board, were adopted at a meeting of the directors yesterday. The plans will be taken up immediately with the park commissioners and the board of education. Dr. Max Henius, president of the library board, said:

The special committee recommending establishment of branches of the library in the public parks was composed of Dr. A. E. Birr, Charles G. Brayer and Oscar H. Mayer. President Henius was chairman of the special committee recommending establishment of branch libraries at all public schools hereafter constructed in Chicago.

Under the latter plan, the board of education will be asked to submit all plans for school buildings to the library board to give the board an opportunity to recommend location of the library offices in the buildings.

A big increase in business followed the proposed home for homeless boys which the "Big Brotherhood movement" is fostering.

Samuel F. Thrasher, chairman of the Committee of Fifteen, the last speaker, said that he was instrumental in obtaining the induction of Chief of Police Henley, but said that he was "after two police captains of a certain district."

"There is an awful situation here in Chicago of collusion," he said, "collusion between police and honest citizens and an indifferent public, all of which contributed to local conditions of vice."

It was a harvest home dinner of pumpkins, pies, home made cider, red apples, and corncockles' p'ses and was presided over by F. M. Hallenbeck, president of the circle.

**Elect Music-Festival Heads.**

The officers of the Evanston Music Festival association for 1916-17 have been elected as follows: President, Harry B. Wyeth; secretary, Walter E. Smith; treasurer, John Hale Hinton. Peter C. Lukin will again be in direction, and Carl D. Kinsey retains his position as business manager.

\* \*

## Tells of Bible School Growth.

The Rev. Henry Hepburn, pastor of the Buena Memorial Presbyterian church, Sheridan road and Broadway, told of the erection of a \$60,000 Bible school building adjoining the church, at a meeting of the Presbyterian ministers.

Secretary-treasurer—William C. Geddes, pastor of South Englewood Methodist Episcopal church.

Chorister—Charles A. Gage, pastor of Olivet Methodist Episcopal church.

Pianist—Albertus Perry, pastor of Park Ridge Methodist Episcopal church.

\* \*

## Sunbeam League Musical.

More than 200 members of the Sunbeam League attended a reception and musical at the Hotel La Salle yesterday.

\* \*

## Exhibit Work of Blind.

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After a little meditation, he brightened up, ran to his mother, and said:

"Mother, the reason why I want to stay up tonight is to let those people really see there are some children in this house."

F. J. S.

Charles had formed the habit of running off to the neighbors and even to the nearby stores. As a punishment for this his mother one day tied him to the library table, tying one end of the rope to his leg, the other to the table. Watching the proceeding with interest, he remarked: "The never leg, too, mamma, they bot run away."

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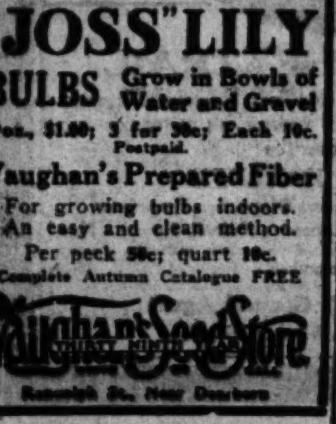
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**JOSS" LILY**  
BULBS Grow in Bowls of Water and Gravel  
Dose, \$1.00; 25c for Each 10c Postpaid.  
Vaughan's Prepared Fiber  
For growing bulbs indoors. An easy and clean method.  
Per piece 50c; quart 10c.

**the COCOA with that "Chocolatey" Taste**

## FASHION'S BLUE BOOK

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[Printed by G. W. Fox & Son Co.]

[Price: 10c]

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## FEW RELATIVES OF U. S. OFFICIALS SERVE IN GUARD

Only One Cabinet Member, Wilson, Has Son in Ranks of the Army on Border.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—[Special.]—Inquiry among the most prominent officials of the Democratic administration has disclosed the fact that few of them have any direct interest in the national guard by reason of the membership of close relatives in guard organizations.

Some days ago THE TRIBUNE received a letter from a correspondent asking if this lack of personal interest was responsible for the inexplicable policy of the administration with respect to the mobilization of the guard and its retention on the border.

Whether or not this is so, the inquiry into the number of relatives of cabinet officials who are with the guard proved that the Wilson administration has not gone out of its way to swell the organization with members from its own official family.

**Secretary Wilson Exception.**

A poll of the cabinet and the assistant chiefs of the departments show that only one cabinet officer, Secretary of Labor Wilson, has a son in the guard. He enlisted after the president's call to the front with his regiment, Senator Lee of Maryland has a son with the guard, and he consistently criticized the president's policy up to the time congress adjourned. While none of them except Senator Lee has relatives in his country's military service, nearly a hundred of the prominent Democratic senators and congressmen have relatives with the pay roll here in Washington or elsewhere.

**Change Name of Warships.**

Cruisers Washington, West Virginia, and Colorado Will Be Seattle, Little Huntingdon, and Pueblo.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—[Special.]

Acting Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt announced today that the armored cruisers Washington, West Virginia, and Colorado will be renamed the Seattle, the Huntington and the Pueblo. This follows the action of the department in assigning the names of the above states to new battleships authorized under this year's navy bill.

**Quiz Rogers Park Burglar.**

Charles Williams of St. Louis Shot While Dashing Through Front Eing.

Charles Williams, who says he lives in St. Louis and who was shot three times last night while attempting to escape from the police after they had surrounded the home of C. A. Price at 1702 Loyola avenue, was grilled today by detectives at St. Francis' hospital, Evanston, where he was taken, but he refused to make a statement. He is accused of attempting to burglarize the Massachusetts Naval reservoir.

Neither Secretary of War Baker nor

Assistant Secretary Ingraham has a relative in the guard. Former Assistant Secretary Breckinridge, who resigned along with Secretary Garrison after disagreeing with the president over the terms of the Hay bill, is a member of the Kentucky guard and went to the border with his command.

Not a single official of prominence in the department of justice has a relative with the guard.

**Record of Postal Officers.**

In the post office department a brother-in-law of the first assistant postmaster general, J. C. Koons, is with the Virginia troops. Postmaster General Burleson and the three other assistants, Praeger, Dockery, and Blakset, have no relatives with the guard.

Neither Secretary of the Navy Daniels, nor Secretary Roosevelt, Secretary of Agriculture Houston, nor Assistant Secretary Vrooman has close relatives with the troops. Secretary of the Interior Lane has no relatives with the guard, but his second assistant, Mr. Sweeney, has two nephews now on the border. Louis F. Post of Chicago, assistant secretary of labor, has no relatives with the guard.

Inquiry at the capitol developed the fact that none of the Democratic legislators prominently identified with the passage of the Hay-Chamberlain bill has relatives with the guard. One Republican congressman, Tillson of Connecticut, quit his position and went to the front with his regiment. Senator Lee of Maryland has a son with the guard, and he consistently criticized the president's policy up to the time congress adjourned. While none of them except Senator Lee has relatives in his country's military service, nearly a hundred of the prominent Democratic senators and congressmen have relatives with the pay roll here in Washington or elsewhere.

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Neither Secretary of War Baker nor

### MUNITIONS PLANTS WILL MAKE DYES AFTER WAR.

United States Makes Arrangements with Du Pont and Atta Factories for Peace Output.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—[Special.]—The department of commerce, through Dr. D. Norton, dye expert, has made arrangements with two of the largest munition manufacturers to turn all their auxiliary plants into dye works as soon as war contracts are completed.

These plans have been worked out to the last detail by the Du Pont company and the Atta Explosives company. Both concerns have built great new plants to meet the requirements of huge contracts with European governments. When the demand for munitions and explosives becomes normal all extra plants will be turned to dye making.

The stockyards police received a telephone call from a woman who asserted she was a friend of the Innes family, saying she saw Innes on Sunday morning. She declared the condition of his clothing indicated he had slept in a barn the night before.

The police kept a strict vigil in the vicinity of Forty-fourth street and Emerald avenue. Emil Noel, the jeweler who was shot when his brother-in-law, Lichtenstein, was killed, is recovering from his wounds.

### LICHENSTEIN RITES HELD AS POLICE SEEK SLAYER.

Police Receive Phone Call from Woman Who Says She Saw Missing Janitor Sunday Morning.

While the funeral of Louis Lichtenstein, slain on Friday night by supposed diamond robbers in the rear of 5418 Prairie avenue, was in progress yesterday, detectives continued in their search for Thomas Innes, the church janitor, wanted in connection with the murder.

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## THE FAIR

The Store of To-Day and To-Morrow

ESTABLISHED 1870 BY H. L. LEHMANN

CONRAD AND G. LEHMANN LTD., PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

One of the Most Attractive Patterns Now Shown.

in three different two-tone effects.

LA FRANCE

Navy blue samps, ivory kid tops.  
Golden brown samps, ivory kid tops.  
Black sick kid samps, golden brown kid tops.

Light-weight flexible welt sewed soles, leather Louis heels, Price \$10

LA FRANCE shoes for women and young women—for all occasions. Prices \$4 to \$10.

Ask for the services of our expert shoe fitters

Second Floor



## The LEEDS

A conservative style in a suit for the man who knows, with long lapel, soft rolling front and "easy" fitting body.

A suit which leaves nothing of refinement to be desired and offers nothing extreme to be excused.

The LEEDS emphasizes the position of this Men's Store in matters of clothing, which require a fine discrimination to meet the desires of the man of affairs and his son.

Suits \$20. to \$40.  
Overcoats \$20. to \$75.

Second Floor, South Room

Carson Pirie Scott and Company

## Mandel Brothers

Men's furnishing shop, first floor

Men's crepe silk shirts of highest quality, 5.50 & 6.50

An event of particular interest to fastidious dressers, featuring exclusive styles in pure silk shirts that are guaranteed as to color, fit and workmanship. At 5.50 and 6.50, considerably underpriced.



Men's silk-and-cotton pajamas a third underprice at 3.85

Made of highest grade pure silk and cotton mixed; values of pronounced importance.

## CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

Unusual  
A Just Received Shipment of French China Dinner Sets 100 Pieces, \$19.50 Complete

This is one of the most attractive patterns we have been privileged to offer in some time, and the French china is of unusually fine quality for the price.

The pieces are decorated with floral design on a plain shape, with handles in half mat gold treatment.

These sets are offered in combinations which provide for extra cups and saucers if the purchaser wishes.

While the present quantity lasts we are privileged to maintain the price on these.

—100-Piece French China Dinner Sets at \$19.50.

Fifth Floor, North Room.

## CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

### Fiber Reed Wing Chairs

100 as Pictured, Special, \$9.50

The right side of this chair is fitted with a broad, restful arm, and the left has a deep pocket, convenient for magazines, papers and sewing.

Finished in a soft, neutral shade of brown, especially desirable for the living room or sun parlor—

and the cushions are covered with tapestry of an antique pattern.

Chair and cushion complete, or rocker to match, special, \$9.50 each.

### Fiber Reed Leg Rests, \$5

These leg rests, one of which is pictured, were especially made to our order from fiber reed of excellent quality. Placed before any fiber reed chair or rocker, they give the comfort of a chaise longue; specially priced at \$5 each.

Sixth Floor, North Room.

### RESORTS—FOREIGN

### RESORTS—FOREIGN

Ocean Travel.

## SOUTH AMERICA

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE

135 N. LA SALLE ST., CHICAGO  
Sailing Under Neutral Flag

N. Y. to ROTTERDAM & FALMOUTH  
Twin Screw Sailings. Carr W. M. MacNoord, Nov. 2, 1916.

RESORTS AND HOTELS.

### Winter Tours

Join the "I" for a winter tour.

The political end of the campaign for mayoralty of New York has been reached. Mr. Miller has been disappointed.

He stayed in New York because, as he said, he was able to make arrangements.

Dr. Miller has happened to be a very good lawyer.

He is a good lawyer who practices law.

Miller's appearance in court was a surprise to many people.

He is a good lawyer who practices law.

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SECTION TWO.  
GENERAL NEWS,  
MARKETS, WANT ADS.

# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1916.

CIRCULATION  
600,000  
OVER 500,000 SUNDAY  
500,000  
OVER 500,000 DAILY

## MILLER MODEST OVER RAPID RISE, HYDE ASSERTS

Club of "Child of Destiny"  
from a Salvation Army  
Lawyer Pictured.

## "UNTRIED," HIS FOES CHARGE

This is the second of a series of  
sketches by Mr. Hyde of  
the three candidates for state's at-  
torney.

BY HENRY M. HYDE.  
If the Salvation Army headquarters  
in New York had been a trifle more  
honest in their pay for legal services  
Harry B. Miller would not be running  
for state's attorney of Cook county.  
It was in the fall of 1912 that young  
Mr. Miller—he was then 28 years old—  
went down to New York, after serving  
several years as attorney for the west-  
ern district of the army in Chicago,  
to take a similar position in the eastern  
headquarters.

He stayed in New York about a year  
and a half, returning finally to Chi-  
cago, because, as he says, "I was un-  
able to make satisfactory financial ar-  
rangements." Doubtless at the time  
he was disappointed. In view of what  
has happened to him since it was prob-  
ably the goddess of Good Fortune in  
disguise who prompted the parsimonious  
policy which sent Miller back to Chi-  
cago.

"Stepchild" of Destiny.

There are other incidents in the Mil-  
ler career which almost justify the  
claim that he is at least the stepchild  
of destiny. In talking with him one  
gets the impression of a man whose  
eyes are as yet a little dazzled by the  
unaccustomed spotlight of political  
prominence. But he is modest about  
it all. "I am very proud and very  
grateful for the position I now occu-  
py," he says.

A little above the average height,  
with a figure which approaches lanki-  
ness, Miller wears his hair reaching  
back in a high wave above his fore-  
head. His face is smooth shaven and  
his eyes look out through round nose-  
glasses. He is accustomed to wear a  
tall hat and a standing collar. One  
imagines a conscious effort to appear  
dignified and impressive.

Joins the "Big Bill" Crowd.  
A few months after the return from  
New York, the preliminary Thompson  
campaign for mayor got well under way.  
Early Mr. Miller went to "Big Bill," of-  
fered a congratulatory hand, and  
pledged his support. A little later he  
was given a place in the organization  
department at the Thompson campaign  
headquarters. There he impressed him-  
self to the extent that when Thompson  
removed his cabinet the name of Har-  
ry B. Miller appeared as prosecuting  
attorney for the city.

The political enemies of Miller—he ap-  
pears not to have any active personal  
enemies—center their attacks on the  
charge that he has not had the experi-  
ence and training as a lawyer which  
would qualify him to serve as state's at-  
torney and that he is a mere creature  
of the city administration.

Year City Hall Crowd.  
With Miller in the Criminal Court  
building, they say, the city hall could  
do as it pleased without any check on  
its various activities. Miller's experi-  
ence as a lawyer, they declare, has been  
practically entirely to his service as  
an attorney for the western branch of  
the Salvation Army and to his two years  
as city hall as city prosecutor.

At least there is no record of his par-  
ticipating in any outside suits of im-  
portance while he was engaged in pri-  
vate practice. Only 32 years old and  
with all his prominence to the favor of  
Thompson, they do not think he  
is the self-reliance or the tested  
worth of character required in the  
chief office of Cook county.

Miller's Answer to Charges.  
Miller and his friends answer these  
charges quietly and with deep earnest-  
ness.

"I was a poor boy," says Miller.  
"I had my own way to make. I lacked  
the assistance of influential friends. A  
young lawyer so situated does not  
easily pick up what the newspapers  
call important cases. But I have always  
felt that every case put in my hands  
was the most important case on the  
desk to the client who intrusted me  
with its management. I am no newcomer.  
When I was Deacon or Leader Latin Mills,  
for instance, when they were elected to  
the office which I seek."

Miller Sees Fight on Crime.

Nearly 2,000 members of the Chicago  
Barro Harry Miller's candidacy  
in Mayor Thompson. "I am more  
interested; I am delighted with the  
work he has made in the office of the  
city administration."

"And we can't," went on the  
mayor, "that if Harry is elected state's  
attorney he will cooperate with the city  
administration in the protection of  
order and the punishment of criminal  
offenses in the city of Chicago."

"You can be sure that he will not dis-  
grace the city in the eyes of the world  
by making illegal and unnecessary raids  
and otherwise running amuck."

"I shall cooperate with the city ad-  
ministration and with the police," Miller  
explained. "The handling crime in  
Chicago. But I shall be under no  
man's control, and I will enter office  
with no pledge of any kind. I  
trust Mayor Thompson would  
allow me to do anything improper.  
In any event, I feel myself safe in de-  
claring I shall do nothing which my  
own conscience declares to be wrong."

## THE HELENS

Being Northwestern Initiates  
of the Helen Club Who Pre-  
sented Offering of Pennies  
and Silk Stockings.

## PRINCIPAL HEIL IGNORED LETTER FROM U. S. AGENT

Gen. Stuart Officially Request-  
ed an Interview with Ac-  
cused Defamer.

## MRS. MOORE AT HER DESK.

Gen. James E. Stuart, chief postal in-  
spector in Chicago, admitted last night  
that he had summoned John Henry  
Heil, ousted principal of the Morgan  
Park High school, to his office three  
days ago and that Heil had failed to  
answer the summons.

The federal authorities had been in-  
vestigating for two months to determine  
the author of the poison pen letters  
that Mr. Heil is charged with mailing  
broadcast. In an effort, it is said, to  
defame the character of Mrs. Marie  
Moore.

Phones to Mrs. Moore.

Following the publication of the story  
of the principal's resignation, Gen. Stu-  
art telephoned Mrs. Moore. That was  
last Sunday. He told her he was sup-  
posed to see the exposé.

"I had already sent for Mr. Heil,"

said Gen. Stuart. "I wrote him a letter on  
government stationery, three days ago  
telling him to come immediately to my  
office. He failed to appear. I would have had the whole matter  
cleared up within twenty-four hours."

Gen. Stuart refused to admit that he  
had enough evidence in his possession to  
demand the prosecution of Mr. Heil.

"You may be sure, though," he said,  
"that I was not having him come to my  
office for nothing. The government never  
divulges its information or evidence in  
advance of prosecution.

"I would advise Mr. Loeb and the  
others interested in this case to present  
immediately what evidence they have  
before a United States Commissioner or  
a grand jury. If the man is guilty he  
should be shown no mercy. I never  
read such vile letters in my life."

Loeb Offers Trial.

In the meantime Jacob Loeb, president  
of the school board, issued a statement  
offering to allow Mr. Heil to reconsider  
his resignation and demand a trial by  
a school board. Mr. Loeb has given  
Mr. Heil two weeks in which to leave  
town. Mr. Heil was not to be found  
yesterday.

"I am asked if I will withhold the  
resignation of John H. Heil," said Mr.  
Loeb in the statement, "and permit  
him to have a trial. The published facts  
in reference to this school employee's  
conduct are so mild when contrasted  
with the vilaines of the complete facts  
in the case that if it be deemed neces-  
sary to expose in all its horror the con-  
duct of this man for public perusal,  
these initiates had better let him go  
to the cemetary and bury a pair of  
shining pennies. So far the mem-  
bership of the club has been limited  
to sixteen, but soon it will be ex-  
panded to include all of the co-ed  
Helenites. The seven newest members  
are Helen Frances, Gremelle, Gale,  
Judson, Kohler, McQuillan, and  
Smith.

The above picture namesakes of  
the renowned dame of Troy are  
three of the seven new members  
of the Helen club at Northwestern  
University. Although the oft sung  
consort of Paris was not known to  
have any use for such superficial  
articles, these initiates had better let  
him go to the cemetary and bury a pair of  
shining pennies. So far the mem-  
bership of the club has been limited  
to sixteen, but soon it will be ex-  
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are Helen Frances, Gremelle, Gale,  
Judson, Kohler, McQuillan, and  
Smith.

The whole training of my life would  
stand in the way."

The Miller story, so far, is typical of  
the ambitious and hard working boy,  
born of poor parents and fighting for  
recognition in a big city. His father is  
a carpenter by trade and was a lay  
preacher in the Methodist church. His  
mother is a woman of great piety, who  
years ago joined the Salvation Army, in  
which also his father served.

Young Harry left the public schools to  
enter Lewis Institute, through which he  
worked his way. Entering a law office  
as a clerk, he earned his own living while  
taking courses at the Kent College of  
Law. By the time he was 18 years old  
he had learned to play the cornet and  
thereafter until ten years ago, at least,  
he played regularly in one of the Sal-  
vation Army street bands. He was ad-  
mitted to the bar ten years ago.

Miller's Answer to Charges.  
Miller and his friends answer these  
charges quietly and with deep earnest-  
ness.

"I was a poor boy," says Miller.  
"I had my own way to make. I lacked  
the assistance of influential friends.

A young lawyer so situated does not  
easily pick up what the newspapers  
call important cases. But I have always  
felt that every case put in my hands  
was the most important case on the  
desk to the client who intrusted me  
with its management. I am no newcomer.  
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for instance, when they were elected to  
the office which I seek."

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grace the city in the eyes of the world  
by making illegal and unnecessary raids  
and otherwise running amuck."

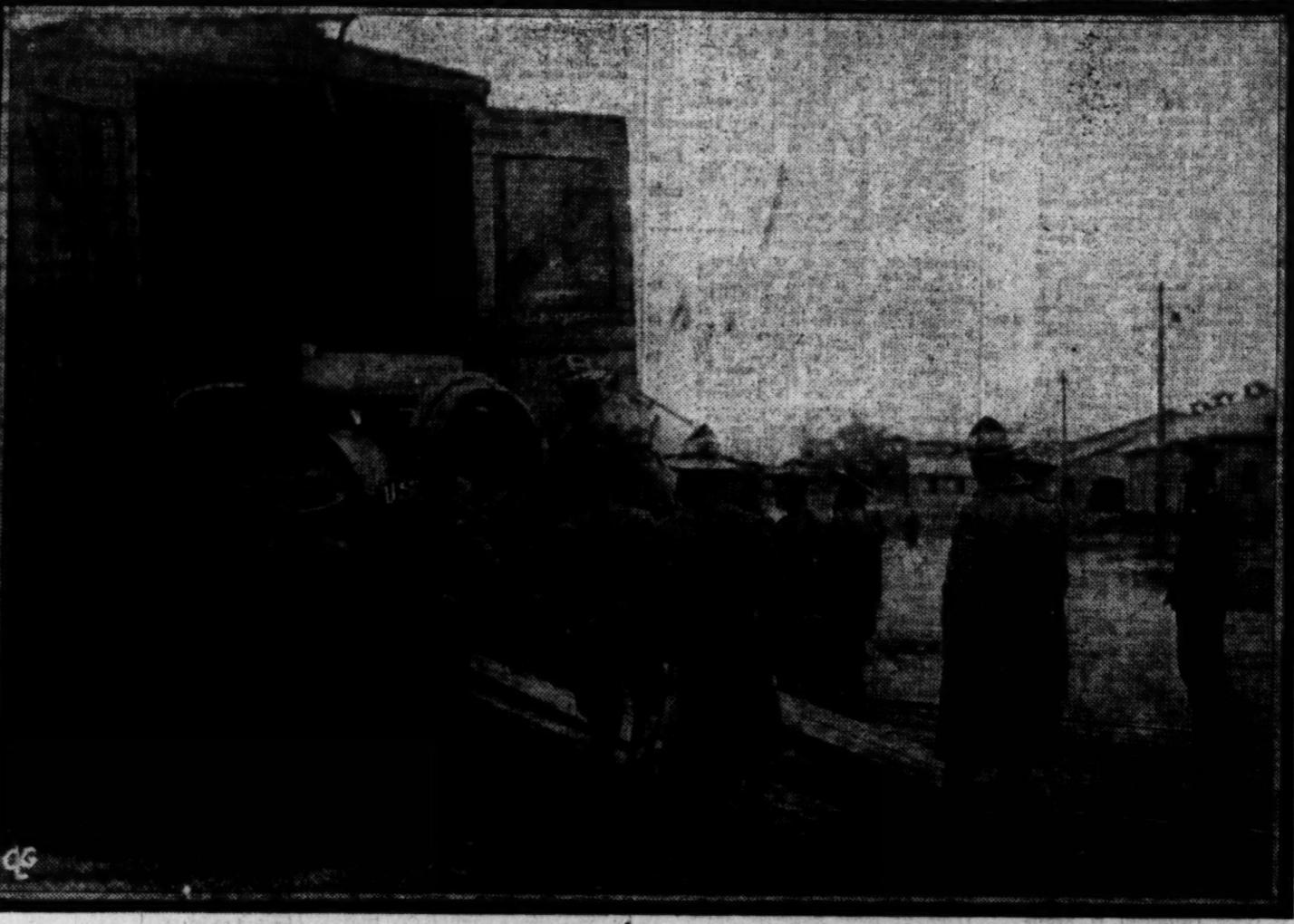
"I shall cooperate with the city ad-  
ministration and with the police," Miller  
explained. "The handling crime in  
Chicago. But I shall be under no  
man's control, and I will enter office  
with no pledge of any kind. I  
trust Mayor Thompson would  
allow me to do anything improper.  
In any event, I feel myself safe in de-  
claring I shall do nothing which my  
own conscience declares to be wrong."

Students Vote Confidence.

Twenty-five students of Morgan Park  
High school met last night at the home

## UNLOADING FIRST ILLINOIS CAVALRY

Col. Milton J. Foreman's Roadster Being Taken from Car While Bolters from Artillery Are Looking After Other Equipment of Regiment.



## BATTERY BOYS UNLOAD CAVALRY AS PUNISHMENT

None of Them Arrested for De-  
sertion—Spend Night  
In Tents.

## SECRETARY BAKER CONFRS.

Gall and wormwood were the lot of  
the Illinois artillerymen last night at  
Fort Sheridan. The boys who wear the  
red cords on their hats slept again under  
canvas, while the boys of the yellow  
cord, the insignia of the cavalry service,  
without even a moment of lake front  
life, went af once to warm barracks.

On top of this the artillerymen were  
given a taste of sharp military discipline.  
Maj. Gen. Thomas H. Barry, commander  
of the central department, arrived  
yesterday and the men were informed  
that a whole regiment can be punished for  
the sins of an organized few. That pun-  
ishment was meted out yesterday, strictly  
under military laws.

The order, which punished the arti-  
llerymen for complaining of the cold,  
taking French leave, commuting, and  
other sins, was in substance this: Take  
your transport wagons, unload the cars  
of the First cavalry, and haul its equip-  
ment to barracks.

Keppt Them from Barracks.

It was this order which prevented the  
battery boys from sleeping in the bars  
last night, although earlier in the day  
Secretary of War Newton D. Baker  
had conferred with Gen. Barry and given  
orders that all troops should make  
use of the regular army barracks. It  
required special permission for the sec-  
retary to do this, however.

The battery boys could not move  
themselves into the barracks. They were  
forced to wait until today, when their  
wagons and their "work detail" had  
finished doing chores for the cavalry.  
Regimental officers of the cavalry  
were forced to give up their bars  
to cavalrymen.

It was the forming of this work detail  
yesterday which caused certain after-  
noon papers to publish stories that sixty-  
six men had been placed under arrest.

Won't Be Court-martialed.

"You can say for me," said Col.  
Charles M. Allen of the artillery regi-  
ment, "that there is not a word of truth  
in the story that sixty-six men were ar-  
rested. The guard tents would not hold  
that many. And there is to be no court-  
martial of any man for absence without  
leave up to date."

"There is a lot of politics in this using  
of the steam heated barracks. The ar-  
tillery won't get in until tomorrow  
night. At that I think it would be bet-  
ter for the boys to continue sleeping in  
the open; they are likely to catch colds  
if they come to the barracks after liv-  
ing out of doors."

Although none of the artillery officers  
would say so for publication, it was  
widely known that something drastic in  
the way of orders had been given during  
the brief visit of Secretary Baker. Maj.  
Gen. Barry, and Inspector General  
George K. Hunter. After their visit  
there was a general stiffening of dis-  
cipline in the artillery camp.

Officers Not Guiltless.

It was intimated in several sources  
that commissioned officers of the ar-  
tillery had been threatened with court  
martial if further mutinous conditions  
developed in their camps.

Capt. F. M. Course, who was an artil-  
lery officer of the day in the camp, said:

"We have been instructed to use  
our own discretion about how many men  
should leave camp at one time. We  
can go over the 5 per cent limit if we  
choose."

However, warning was given to the  
men that they must not play fast and  
loose with the matter of taking leave.  
Those who did get an opportunity to  
"commute" last night were warned to  
be present in camp not later than 8 a. m.  
today.

Captain Goes Swimming.

Artillerymen who have complained of  
the cold were put to the test yesterday.  
Capt. Harry Johnson, who died in slipper  
and pajamas, went swimming in the lake.

Squatter Battles Police  
TO DEATH; 7 SHOT; 2 DIE.

Blizzards, Sheriffs, and Marines Aid  
in Hour and a Half Siege of Hut  
in New York.

Whistlers, N. Y., Oct. 23.—Paul Staf-  
ford, 20, of the 20th Inf., was shot and  
killed and four policemen and a deputy  
sheriff were wounded late today by  
Frank Taff, a squatter near here, before  
the guard tents were hit by the police.  
Taff eventually was killed by Police Ser-  
geant James Fitzgerald after a siege of  
an hour and a half in which police  
men, deputy sheriffs and bluejackets  
from the United States torpedo boat  
Division tried to capture him.

Sheriff Stiles, accompanied by a depu-  
ty and a policeman, went to Taff's shanty,  
located in a strip of woods, to arrest  
him on an order of contempt of court.  
When the officers informed Taff of their  
mission he picked up a shotgun and fired  
at them. The sheriff dropped to the  
ground mortally wounded.

Police reinforcements soon arrived and  
the shanty was surrounded. Taff  
climbed to the roof of the hut where  
he continued to give battle until he was  
shot down.

Cavalry Sleep in Barracks.

Col. Milton J. Foreman's First cavalry  
spent the day detaining. With the  
transport wagons of the artillery, all  
sections were unloaded and the men  
slept under a real roof for the first time  
in months. The 300 horses brought back  
from the border were placed in corrals  
under blankets.

Hundreds of friends of the cavalrymen  
waited to see them yesterday.

"We will be out and drink tomorrow,"  
said Col. Foreman. "The men  
are in fine shape, and we don't intend to  
lose any opp. untilles like the parade  
ground and the rifle range."

Cavalrymen who occupy the barracks  
facing the parade ground will discover  
that garrison life has some duties un-  
heard of in field life. Details will be set  
to work today scrubbing floors and mak-  
ing beds.

President Wilson has accepted the re-  
quest of Second Lieut. Leo Alben-

head of the Fourth infantry and Alfred N.

Cook of the Seventh infantry. No

reasons for the resignations were stated.



# HIGH EARNINGS FURNISH BASIS FOR BULL MARKET

Broad Buying of Stocks Results from Companies Retaining Bulk of Profits.

United States Steel common stock, representing more nearly than any other, has been prevailing business conditions, made a new high record at \$121. Around this buying was a large volume of business in industrial. The feeling of bullishness extended to the railroad issues, resulting in a day of new high records. Gold issues, copper shares, sugar stocks, and leather manufacturers were all firm, with gains of from 2 to 4 points.

Wall street is reaching the belief that the current market movement finds its motive in the extraordinary earnings shown primarily by industrial concerns, with the railroads making a good second.

Further, the companies enjoying such earnings are not paying them out. The distributions in the way of dividends are from one-fifth to one-tenth of the increase in treasury balances.

**Expect Continued Bull Market.** This condition is being accepted as accounting for the widespread market movement. Steel common is higher than two weeks ago, when the advent of a submarine caused such a striking drop in prices.

The market appears to be well committed to the forecast that bullish operations will continue, with new groups participating and gains in profits being constantly shown.

So far as surface indications go, the possible result of the national election is being ignored. The large interests seem to figure that the war will continue for at least another year, that the influx of gold consequently will continue, and that there must follow a degree of inflation which will carry prices higher.

Mr. Wilson is regarded as not having shown any antipathy to "big business," and the war and conditions which it brings about are relied upon to overcome the absence of possible tariff legislation.

**Shippers' Meeting.** Members of the National Industrial Traffic league, the organization of shippers, will meet in Chicago Thursday and Friday, Nov. 9 and 10, at the Hotel Sherman to outline the position the commercial interests will take before the Newlands committee in the railroad investigation. The hearings will open Nov. 20 at Washington.

The outcome of the conferences are being awaited with interest by railroad men, the feeling being that the league, representing the largest commercial houses, will have considerable influence in shaping any proposed legislation in congress. There probably will be 300 or more traffic managers of business firms and commercial organizations from all sections of the country take part in the discussion, involving the relative efficiency of national as opposed to state regulation, the possibilities of government ownership of the transportation lines, as well as the telephone, telegraph, and express facilities.

**Leathers Are Gaining.** Leather securities, next to United States Steel, are just now commanding the greater part of the public speculative and investment interest. Central Leather was one of the important points of interest yesterday.

It is estimated by leather interests, and borne out by the statement to be published soon by the company, that the under-rated Sept. 30 will show the largest figures of any similar period in the company's history. These forecasts place earnings for the common stock at over \$3,500,000, or above 9 per cent.

That is at a rate of better than 36 per cent a year. Estimates for the current quarter are more optimistic, ranging from an annual rate of \$60 to as high as \$70 a share.

**Chicago Securities.** Chicago stocks were irregular. National Carbon common and Booth Fisheries were among price leaders. The former advanced 6% points to 256. Booth Fisheries common touched 60, against a close at 57 1/2. Steel rose 1 1/2.

Pneumatic Tool was up 1 point, while Swift & Co., after advancing 2 points from the opening, closed at 153 1/2, a gain of 4 over the initial price. For the first week in there was some trading in Western Stone. The price was 24.

In the bond department quotations were steady.

**Money and Exchange.** Money rates in Chicago steady at 8% per cent on collateral. 8% per cent on commercial paper, and 4 1/2% per cent over the counter. The New York exchange sold at 8% discount and par. Chicago bank clearings were \$75,815,297.

**Stewart-Warner Earnings.** Stewart-Warner Speedometer earnings for the nine months period, ended Sept. 30, were \$604,295, or at the rate of 34 1/2 per cent on the \$1,000,000 common stock issue. They compare with \$703,254 earned the quarter ended June 30. The earnings for the nine months ended Sept. 30, were \$1,880,072, or at the rate of 25.07 per cent. The balance sheet, issued yesterday, follows:

**ASSETS.**  
Capital assets—Plant and equipment ..... \$ 2,222,075  
Deferred Reserve for depreciation ..... 1,000  
Total ..... \$ 2,223,075  
Less out of profits for three months and ending Sept. 30, 1916 ..... 297,520  
Surplus ..... 27,581  
\$ 205,551

**LIABILITIES.**  
Capital Stock ..... \$10,000,000  
Current liabilities—  
Accounts payable (to re-  
tailers) ..... 1,000,000  
Trade accounts payable ..... 1,000,000  
Accrued wages, taxes, etc. ..... 114,750  
Dividends Declared ..... 1,000,000  
Central Railroad of New Jersey, regular quarterly 2 per cent, payable Nov. 1.  
Georgia Southern and Florida, regular semi-annual \$250 on first and second preferred, payable Nov. 8 to stock of record Oct. 30.  
Plyme Manufacturing, usual quarterly

## NEWS OF THE FINANCIAL WORLD

The National Motor Car and Vehicle Corporation, which has been organized to acquire the business and assets of the National Motor Vehicle Company of Indianapolis, reports net assets of \$1,241,486. The company had 50,000 shares of no par value, and of which there is being offered 50,000 shares.

Directors of the Republic Iron and Steel company are scheduled to meet next month and order the payment of the remaining 4 per cent accumulated dividends on the preferred issues. There is talk of a disbursement on the common stock for the year.

Directors of the Cuban Cane Sugar company are expected to place the common stock on an 8 per cent dividend basis, beginning with the first quarter of next year.

The total value of Canadian fisheries entered into with J. L. Culinan of Texas for the acquisition of a half interest in the oil and mineral rights on the property of the Houston Oil company.

Bethlehem Steel advanced to \$355, or within fifteen points of the high price reached one year ago. Mr. Schwabell told some of his friends that within the next year the shares will sell at \$1,000.

Great Northern Oil stock is being purchased, it is declared, for investment account. Buyers figure on a large demand for steel products for a considerable period after the war.

Earnings of the United States Steel corporation for the September quarter are expected to be around \$90,000,000.

The copper market is firm, with prices unchanged, although the tendency is for hardening quotations in 1917.

**CLOSING BID and ASKED PRICES**

[Stocks not traded in yesterday.]

Bid Asked. Bid Asked. Bid Asked.

Am. Beet. 45 60 Cruz Carp. 45 60

Sugar pd. 90 100% M. St. Dept. 100 100

cft. .... 106% 110 Steel Stores pd. 100 100

Do pd. 101 102% Pub. Sys. 110 110

Am. Coal & C. 110 115% N. J. .... 120 121

Am. Exp. 115 118% Desr. pd. 108 110

Do Ed. 144 146% Mont. Pow. 94 96

Am. Smeat. 95% 96% Do pd. .... 94 95

D. S. & S. 4 6 Do pd. .... 95 96

pd. A. 95% 96% Do pd. .... 95 96

A. & G. 145 146% Do pd. .... 95 96

Do pd. .... 108 109 Do pd. .... 95 96

Cable & R. 65 65 Do pd. .... 95 96

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# STEADY RISE TO NEW HIGH MARKS IN N. Y. MARKET

U. S. Steel and Other Favorites Set Records—Trade in Former Enormous.

## BAROMETER OF THE MARKET

Average of Closing Prices of Twenty Leading New York Stocks

Monday, Oct. 23..... 90.34

Saturday, Oct. 21..... 90.75

Net gain for the day..... .59

Year ago day of week..... 89.07

The twenty stocks are: Anaconda Copper, American Car and Foundry, American Smelting and Refining, Erie, Great Northern, Chesapeake and Ohio, Northern Pacific, Pennsylvania, Reading, St. Paul, American Pacific, Southern Railway, St. Louis, Sugar, Union Pacific, and United States Steel.

Total sales of stocks, 1,270,000 shares.

Total sales of bonds (par value), \$24,000,000.

### DAY OF HIGH RECORDS.

New York, Oct. 23.—Developments over the week end were deemed sufficiently favorable by the speculative element to bring about further appreciable advances in today's active market, with new high records for United States Steel and other favorites which have contributed so extensively to the almost steady rise of the last seven weeks.

Last Saturday's bank statement, which showed a liberal expansion of local cash holdings and a corresponding contraction of loans—the greater monetary ease resulted from principal money centers, material tonnage gains by leading railway systems, and unabated demand for products and commodities helped to accelerate today's upward movement.

### Huge Trade in Steel.

Steel's rise of 3% points to the new record of 12%, at which it passed in the preferred stocks for the first time in the company's history, was again attained after an enormous turnover, less than 200,000 shares changing hands. Profit taking served to give Steel and other leaders in the industrial division a moderate setback toward the close, but this was counterbalanced by greater strength in high grade rails.

Other new maximums included the sugar group, notably Cuban-American at 231 and American Beet at 102%, while Cuba, Can, duplicated its best record and American Sulfur Rose 3 points to 129%, its highest price of recent years. Central Leather at 93%, American Hide and Leather preferred at 78%, and Utah Copper at 100% comprised issues that were elevated to unprecedented quotations.

### Bethlehem Is Active.

Bethlehem Steel attracted attention by its unusual activity up to 1,500 shares being traded in up to 555, an advance of 35 points. Coopers, particularly Anaconda, Utah, and Inspiration, helped to swell the huge total, with Republic Iron and Steel, Crucible Steel, marines, fertilizers, petroleum, and Texas company gaining more than 5 points.

No material alteration was shown by foreign exchange markets, aside from slight hardening of rates on Berlin.

Bonds were mainly steady on lighter dealings. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

### MERCANTILE PAPER.

STERLING, Oct. 23.—Commercial, 60¢ day basis; 4.71%; demand, 4.75%; cables, 4.75%; F.M.A., 5.00%; V.S.E., 5.00%; K.R.N., 5.00%; demand, 7.00%; cable, 7.00%; E.M.R., demand, 4.14%; B.R.L., demand, 5.00%; cables, 6.00%; BAR SILVER, 6.00%; MERCANTILE, 6.00%; RAILROAD BONDS, firm, Times, 6 months, 94%; 60¢ day basis; money, steady; high, 2%; low, 2%; ruling rate, 2%; loan, 2%; closing date, 2%; offered at 93%.

### TRANSACTIONS ON THE CURE.

Sales. Open. High. Low. Close.

A. Sun. Top. 400 24% 24% 24% 24%

Am. W. Paper 8,000 14% 14% 14% 14%

Bull. Chem. 500 4% 4% 4% 4%

C. 2,000 12% 12% 12% 12%

Calf Shipping. 800 12% 12% 12% 12%

Carsten Steel. 4,000 12% 12% 12% 12%

Central F. I. 1,000 12% 12% 12% 12%

Chas. Corp. 400 7% 7% 7% 7%

Chas. Motors. 400 7% 7% 7% 7%

Chas. Phone. 400 7% 7% 7% 7%

Chas. Pipe. 200 90% 90% 90% 90%

Chas. Tank. 1,000 12% 12% 12% 12%

Chas. Trans. 1,000 12% 12% 12% 12%</p











REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.  
HOUSES-SOUTH SIDE.

FOR SALE - GREENWOOD AV. RESIDENTIAL home, located in Kenwood, \$2000. One of the finest homes in Chicago; built at a cost of \$12,000 and is thoroughly modern. Good condition, will quote low price to buyer in earnest purchase. Price P 260. Tribune.

FOR SALE - 415 W. 62D, 13 Rms., \$5,500. Best construction, hardwood floors; good neighborhood; excel. trans.; no high school terms to earn. See owner on premises.

## HOUSES-SOUTHWEST SIDE.

FOR SALE - W. 60TH ST., NR. MARGUETTE Park, only \$3,000; new 5 rm. cottage, all one story, good condition. Address O. L. 212. Tribune.

FOR SALE-BARGAIN: 5 RM. COTTAGE and bath; blue and white; good neighborhood; owner. Address O. L. 212. Tribune.

## HOUSES-NORTH SIDE.

FOR SALE - W. 60TH ST., NR. MARGUETTE Park, only \$3,000; new 5 rm. cottage, all one story, good condition. Address O. L. 212. Tribune.

FOR SALE-BARGAIN: 5 RM. COTTAGE and bath; blue and white; good neighborhood; owner. Address O. L. 212. Tribune.

## HOUSES-NORTH SIDE.

FOR SALE-A GARDEN OF REAL CALIFORNIA, 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. In Beautiful West Ravenswood. Ready to occupy. Private sun parlor, dining room, kitchen, 2 bedrooms, bath, laundry, etc. \$1,500. Monticello and Wilson, 111 W. Irvington Rd. Tel. 261-1111.

FOR SALE-DEARBOURN AV., 13 Rms., 2 stories, brick house; all above basement, 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Price \$7,500; \$2,500 cash; worth \$10,000 more.

Other big bargains at 111 W. Irvington Rd. Tel. 261-1111.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE-162 CLIFFORD, 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Furnished; heat; lot 10x125; price \$4,000; nuge \$2,000. Will consider exchange for 10x125. E. H. McKey & Co., 112 W. Washington.

EDEN BROOKWOOD. Edens 3802.

FOR SALE - ATTENTION BUYERS! 100 ft. from lake; 100 ft. brick residence and garage; 111 W. Irvington Rd. Tel. 261-1111.

FOR SALE-ELEGANT 3 STORY STONE HOUSE, 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Arlington Rd. price \$2,000. R. N. BADER, 111 W. Irvington Rd.

FOR SALE-1451 F. MURAGUCHI, MODERN 10x10 room house; h. w. lot 10x25 ft.

FOR SALE-WILMETTE - 6 R. BUNGA LOW, sacrifice; h. w. ht. ad. d. porch; 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Price \$5,000. PAUL SCHROEDER & CO., End L. Wilmette.

FOR SALE-NEW HOMES \$8,000 UP. 50 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Built by MCKEEY & FOAGUE, 132 W. Washington.

EDEN BROOKWOOD. Edens 3802.

FOR SALE-NEW MODELS ROOM MODELS. 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Price \$3,000. Address H. N. 197. Tribune.

FOR SALE-BIRCHWOOD-ROG PARK. Homes, barns, heat; auto at estab. 1914. George. 5000. Tel. 261-1111.

FOR SALE-STRICTLY MODERN BUNGALOWS, 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Price \$3,000. Address 112 W. Irvington Rd.

FOR SALE-SELLER'S 4400 DOV. 15X15 FT. INCREDIBLE, 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. 1222. 222 N. Kostner, 1916.

## HOUSES-NORTHWEST SIDE.

FOR SALE-100 down, \$100 m. including interest; takes my modern 5 rm. term, near beach. Address O. P. 274. Tribune.

FOR SALE-GENUINE BARGAIN, 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Rockwood Park. Oak Knoll; steam heat.

FOR SALE-100 down, \$100 m. including interest; takes my modern 5 rm. term, near beach. Address O. P. 274. Tribune.

## HOUSES-NORTHWEST SIDE.

FOR SALE-BUILDERS' OPPORTUNITY.

South Shore Court Blvd. site, 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Price \$400. All improvements in.

H. O. STONE & CO., 76 W. MONROE-ST.

FOR SALE-MAGNIFICENT STONE AND FRUIT HOUSE, 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Price \$2,000. All improvements in.

FOR SALE-100 down, \$100 m. including interest; takes my modern 5 rm. term, near beach. Address O. P. 274. Tribune.

H. O. STONE & CO., 76 W. MONROE-ST.

FOR SALE-BARGAIN: MUST BE SOLD; 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Price \$2,000. All improvements in.

JAMES G. BARLOW, 112 W. Irvington Rd.

FOR SALE-H. H. REED, Harris Trust Building, 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Price \$2,000. All improvements in.

FRANK H. LANG, BANK FLOOR, 100 ft. from lake, 100 ft. from beach. Price \$2,000. All improvements in.

FOR SALE-100 down, \$100 m. including interest; takes my modern 5 rm. term, near beach. Address O. P. 274. Tribune.

H. O. STONE & CO., 76 W. MONROE-ST.

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FOR SALE-1

**W. WATCHES, ETC.**  
PLDGE, \$1000.  
white, perfect cut. **Day-**  
Our price, \$100. Hundreds  
in, upmarket jewelry and  
STER COMPANY.  
IN MADISON-ST.  
NESS SINCE 1888.

**NOT READY CASH?**  
Want to get your high-  
est price? I also buy old gold  
and diamonds. Call or write  
me direct. I am the only one  
you see to me. Come  
round floor store E. Randolph,  
R. DIAMONDS AND PAWN  
your waste time with jew-  
els. I also buy old gold  
prices confidential:  
Private Office, Room 810  
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**WE POSITIVELY GUAR-**  
kets for diamonds, pearls,  
other dealer; quick sale.  
PAWN, R. 107, J. W. Madison-st.

**ESTATE A MAGNIF-**  
icent genuine diamond  
size full of feet and  
wings. We have  
refugees; see us weekly.  
Clark & Clark's Dept.

**LEVER PLATINUM, BRO-**  
KED FOR PLATINUM; for  
prizes for pawn, jew-  
elry, watch and jew-  
elry. A. H. Madson, 107 J. W. Madison-st.

**WILL PAY MORE FOR**  
NEDS AND PAWN TICKETS  
1516 Masonic Temple, Private.

**TILL YOU SEE ROBINSON**  
in full for your dia-  
tickets. Call or write.  
PAID FOR DIAMONDS,  
1516 Masonic Temple, Room 1116, 22 E. Randolph.

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LY. F. W. MADISON'S,  
1516 S. Dearborn-st.

**ING. FURS, ETC.**

**1516 UNDEEMED GEN-**  
ERAL MARTIAN COAT; 120  
large Martians; cost, \$100;  
\$50 now. Our price, \$100.  
IN HIGH GRADE.

**WE M. ADISON'S,**  
INNERS, LADIES  
payments, tail to suit you at  
Address, N 810, 235, Trib.

**FURS, NEW, MOLE SET,**  
skins, sizes, size 34 and 36  
6627.

**ENTIRE SET OF GENUINE**  
very fine long hair black  
garments of cost, 6428 N.

**RT DRESSES, COATS, AN-**  
d new great garments  
NEW DARK GREEN SUIT  
in town, trimmed. \$24.

**TERS IN FURS, DRESSES,**  
COATS AND SUITS, 1516  
FOR COATS AND FURS;  
SUITS AND OVERL.

355. Clark and Adams,  
MR. COAT, 1516 S. Dearborn-st.

**CO. CONGRESS;**

**OFF CLOTHING.**

**EISENSTEIN CO., 1631 S.**  
Our reliable house has and  
suits, shoes, for lined coats,  
post or phone Lavenda.

**S. PHONE CANAL 945.**

**H. ALSTEDT, INC.**  
big deposit of our custom-  
drier in used clothing in  
the price for your suits.

**H. HALSTED PAYS HIGH-**  
EST FOR LINER COATS,  
TUMES, MONROE 2337.

**W. 31ST PHONE DOUG-**  
ATTACKED, TEAM BLACK-  
LINE, single and double set  
of furniture, good condition,  
furniture, wagon suitable  
for replacing old motor.

**HOME FOR SALE: CHEAP,**  
1516 S. Dearborn-st. Room  
409. Tel. 7715.

**TAKE MARE, 3208 S. ROBEY-**

**WAGON FOR SALE CHEAP,**

1516 S. Dearborn-st. Room  
409. Tel. 7715.

**W. 2000 CABINET VICTROLA**

409 W. Monroe.

**JET JEWEL POINT PHONO-**

RECORDS. 2445 Prairie-av.

**MACHINES, RECORDS,**

COLUMBIA GRAPONOLA.

1516 mahogany, perfect con-  
dition, \$150. Tel. 7715.

**STERN COMPANY.**

ROLA BARGAINS.

**TALKING MACHINE?**

With records, \$20. Nal. Rec-

ord. Big bargain. Investi-

VICTROLA, FINEST CON-  
ditions; bargain. 1140 Wilson-

1516.

**GRAND BARGAIN FOR**

used. Address O 107.

**W. 1516 BRAND NEW CAR-**

Machine. Big bargain. Inves-

1516.

**W. 2000 CABINET VICTROLA**

409 W. Monroe.

**JET JEWEL POINT PHONO-**

RECORDS. 2445 Prairie-av.

**HARNES, CARRIAGES,**

1516 S. Dearborn-st.

**ATCHED, TEAM BLACK-**

LINE, single and double set

of furniture, wagon suitable

for replacing old motor.

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**TAKE MARE, 3208 S. ROBEY-**

**WAGON FOR SALE CHEAP,**

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**W. 2000 CABINET VICTROLA**

409 W. Monroe.

**JET JEWEL POINT PHONO-**

RECORDS. 2445 Prairie-av.

**KODAKS, ETC.**

REFLECTING CAMERA, \$15.00

least. Address O 107.

**W. 1516 S. DEARBORN-ST.**

**COMPANY.**

GRAND BARGAIN.

SEASON south; your camera,  
etc. 1516.

**CAMERAS, SHUTTERS, ETC.**

1516 S. Dearborn-st. Room  
409. Tel. 7715.

**APLEX, DA GRAPLEX, AND**

WEBER, 1516 S. Dearborn-st.

**RADA, POW'DAY, ETC.**

ALL BLACK AND TAN.

1516 S. Dearborn-st.

**KS AND BONDS.**

**DAN & CO. INC.**

OUR MARKET LETTER.

Side. 1516.

**COLLINS CO., INC.**

OUR MARKET LETTER.

Side. 15

# The Westfield Pure Food Page

Reflecting the Food Standards of Westfield - The Pure Food Town



## Jiffy-Jell

The Supreme Dessert  
Flavors in Vials

A new-grade gelatine dessert is now sold in Chicago. It is made by an expert who for 17 years has made these desserts a study. The men behind it control the output of an extra-fine product.

Each flavor is made from the fruit itself. Each comes in a separate vial—always fresh.

Jiffy-Jell will give you a new idea of these fruity, quick desserts. Try it now.

Waukesha Pure Food Co.,  
Waukesha, Wis.

## Household Chemistry Arouses Westfield

(Second of a series of articles to appear on this page every Tuesday and Friday.)

Massachusetts has been called the home of educational innovations.

Its history pages are covered with the records of achievements of noted educators.

It was not strange, then, that this new idea of practical chemistry—the household kind—should have been born in the old Bay State.

Lewis B. Allyn was the first instructor to teach its precepts. The idea was conceived by Prof. Clarence

purifies in foods, laundering woolens, keeping the air pure, and the like.

Little did they realize that this home usable chemistry course would some day be the talking subject of the nation, or that Westfield's solution of its pure food supply would be emulated by cities and towns throughout the United States.

After the girls who participated in the midnight luncheon had recovered from the effects of eating the adulterated strawberry jam and had resumed

their studies in the chemistry classes, a new line of investigation was started under the supervision of Prof. Allyn.

Instead of removing stains from clothes and learning the effects of bacteria, yeast and molds in canning and preserving, they now began to look into the chemical composition of food products.

Samples of food were bought at Westfield stores and taken to the Normal school laboratory for examination.

There was no lack of skill or zeal in the work of the chemistry classes in this new venture. Hundreds of food stuffs were collected this way and analyzed.

Samples labeled, with the results of the analyses, were placed on exhibition in large glass cabinets. The exhibits grew rapidly and took on the aspects of a museum.

Residents of the town took a lively interest in Prof. Allyn and his chemistry classes. Students were accosted on the street by an inquiring housewife who wanted to know about this or that food product she had been buying.

Interest grew and grew as the work progressed.

You might have searched all the schools in the United States without coming across so enthusiastic a class as that represented by the girls in the chemistry classes at the State Normal school.

An upheaval followed. First in Westfield and then throughout the nation.

Practical chemistry proved to be the effective weapon needed by the food consuming public to protect itself against the abuses perpetrated by the food faker.

The manufacturer kept the formula of his foods locked in the sealed package. None dared to peer in. The buyer accepted the maker's statement with a resigned air "that it was hoped it was as good as it looked." (It was often a hopeless hope, until Prof. Allyn with test tube and microscope turned the broad light of chemistry on the food and laid bare its secrets.

The food faker raved and fought against the sunshine of knowledge.

The public applauded and profited by the revelations.

"The Westfield Board of Health Enters the Food Crusade" is the title of the story to appear next Friday.

## The Westfield Standard for Food Products

Foods shall not contain Alum, Benzoic acid or its salts, Boric acid or its salts, Copper, Formaldehyde, Formic acid or its salts, Hydrofluoric acid or its salts, Sulfurous acid or its salts, Saccharine, nor any other non-nutritive preservative.

Foods shall not be colored with Coal Tar Dyes nor with poisonous Vegetable Colors, nor be contaminated with inert fillers, nor shall any substance be taken therefrom or added thereto so as to injuriously affect their quality, strength or purity.

Foods shall be packed and sold under sanitary conditions and package goods shall bear no DISHONEST LABEL nor labels bearing any EXTRAVAGANT or OBSCURE statements.

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A TEASPOONFUL  
makes two cups—  
over 300 cups to every  
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strength, economical.



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Taste is the Test

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